

# 3mm Round With Flange Type Infrared LED Technical Data Sheet

# Part No.: LL-304IRC4B-2AD



# Features:

- $\diamond$  Low forward voltage.
- $\diamond$  Viewing angle=30°.
- $\diamond$  Reliable and rugged.
- $\diamond~$  The product itself will remain within RoHS complaint Version.

## Descriptions:

 $\diamond$  The device is spectrally matched with silicon photodiode and phototransistor.

# Applications:

- $\diamond$  Floppy disk drive.
- $\diamond$  Optoelectronic switch.
- $\diamond$  Camera.
- $\diamond$  Free air transmission system.
- $\diamond$  Video.



### Package Dimension:



#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.00 mm (.039") max.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	1	А
Forward Current	IF	65	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40℃ to +85℃	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40℃ to +100℃	
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260℃ for 5 Seconds	

### Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Radiant Intensity	Ee	6.0	10.0		mW/sr	IF =20mA
Viewing Angle*	201/2		30		Deg	(Note 1)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λр		940		nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Bandwidth	Δλ		50		nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	0.80	1.20	1.50	V	IF =20mA
Reverse Current	IR			10	μA	VR=5V

Notes:

 $1.\,\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.





Lucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

http://www.luckylightled.com



Fig.5 Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current



Fig.7 Relative Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature(°C)



Fig.6 Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement







Spec No.: B323 X435Rev No.: V.2Approved: JoJoChecked: WuLucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

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# Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

### 1) Test Items and Results:

No.	Test Item	Test Hours/Cycles	Test Conditions	Sample Size	Ac/Re		
1	Resistance to Soldering Heat	6 Min	Tsld=260±5℃, Min. 5sec	25pcs	0/1		
2	Thermal Shock	300 Cycles	H:+100℃ 5min∫ 10 sec L:-10℃ 5min	25pcs	0/1		
3	Temperature Cycle	300 Cycles	H:+100℃ 15min∫5min L:-40℃ 15min	25pcs	0/1		
4	High Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	<b>Temp:100</b> ℃	25pcs	0/1		
5	DC Operating Life	1000Hrs.	If=20mA	25pcs	0/1		
6	Low Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp:-40℃	25pcs	0/1		
7	High Temperature / High Humidity	1000Hrs.	85℃/85%RH	25pcs	0/1		

### 2) Criteria for Judging The Damage:

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
			Min	Max	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA		F.V.*)×1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0	

\*) F.V.: First Value.



# Please read the following notes before using the product:

### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

### 2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30  $^\circ\!{\rm C}$  or less and 90%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30  $^\circ\!\!{\rm C}$  or less and 70%RH or less.

2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

### 3. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $260^{\circ}$  for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

### 4. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.