TRIDONIC

Linear fixed output







Driver LC 50W 250/300/350/700/1050mA fixC lp SNC

essence series non-SELV

Product description

- Fixed output built-in LED Driver
- Constant current LED Driver
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Output current 250, 300, 350, 700 or 1,050 mA
- Max. output power 50 W
- Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)

Housing properties

- Casing: metal, white
- Type of protection IP20

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L to N)
- $\bullet\,$ Surge protection voltage 2 kV (L/N to earth)

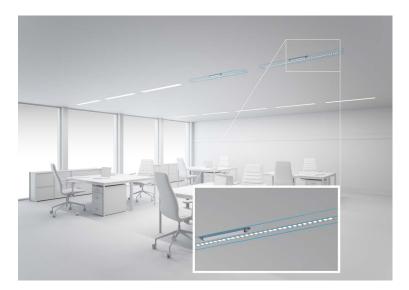


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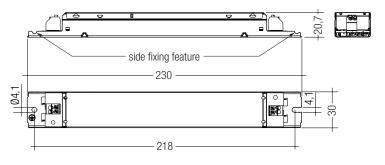
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Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Output power range	30 – 50 W
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
Output current tolerance®	± 7.5 %
Typ. current ripple (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	± 30 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	230 x 30 x 21 mm
Hole spacing D	218 mm
-	



Ordering data

Туре	Article	Packaging,	Packaging,	Packaging,	Weight per
	number [®]	carton	low volume	high volume	pc.
LC 50W 700mA fixC lp SNC	87500447	50 pc(s).	1,050 pc(s).	3,150 pc(s).	0.145 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Output	Input current	Max.	Typ. power	λat	Efficiency	/ λat	Efficiency	Min.	Max.	Max.	Max. peak output	Max. peak	Max. casing
	current [®]	(at 230 V, 50	input	consumption	full load	at full	min. load®	at min.	forward	forward	output	current at full	output	tempera-
		Hz, full load	power	(at 230 V,		load [®]		load [®]	voltage®	voltage [®]	voltage	load ^{®®}	current at min.	ture tc
				50 Hz, full load)								load®®	
LC 50W 700mA fix	C lp SNC 700 mA	242 mA	55 W	54.0 W	0.95	91 %	0.9C	90.0 %	43.0 V	71.5 V	300 V	900 mA	940 mA	75 °C

^① Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{@}}$ The trend between min. and full load is linear.

[®] Output current is mean value.

 $^{^{\}scriptsize \textcircled{4}}$ KC approval mark for art. no.: 87500466.

Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

FN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED Driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED Driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

No-load operation

The LED Driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

Expected lifetime

•					
Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C	60°C	
LC FOW 700mA five in SNC	tc	65°C	75℃	Х	
LC 50W 700mA fixC lp SNC	Lifetime	50.000 h	25.000 h	X	

The LED Driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical

components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against $4\ kV$ surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 30 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85%)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED Driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrus	h current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LC 50W 700mA fixC lp SNC	40	50	60	80	40	50	60	80	5 A	37 µs

www.tridonic.com

These are max. values calculated out of continuous current running the device on full load.

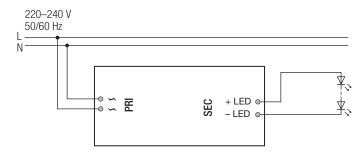
There is no limitation due to inrush current.

If load is smaller than full load for calculation only continuous current has to be considered.

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCI 50W 700mA fixC lp SNC	< 20	< 15	< 4	< 1	< 1	< 1

Wiring diagram



Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V $_{\rm DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The insulation resistance must be at least $2\,M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED Driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

Additional information

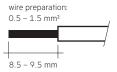
Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.

Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be stranded wires with ferrules or rigid wires with a cross section of $0.5 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$.

Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250).



Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour.

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

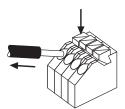
For Class I application, protection earth need to connected with the metal housing (bottom part).

For Class II application, protection earth is no need to be connected, below 2 scenarios should be considered:

- If the LED Driver housing is screwed on a metal part inside the luminaires, both LED Driver and LED module must be insulated.
- If the LED Driver housing is screwed on a plastic part inside the luminaires, the LED module need to be insulated.

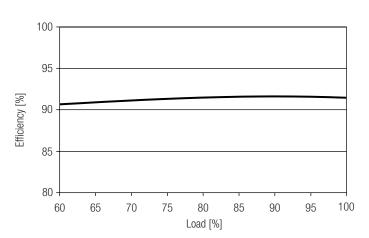
Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

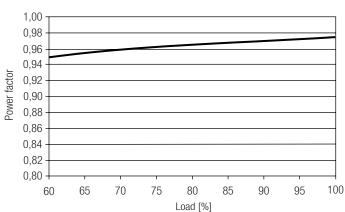


Diagrams LC 50W 700mA fixC Ip SNC

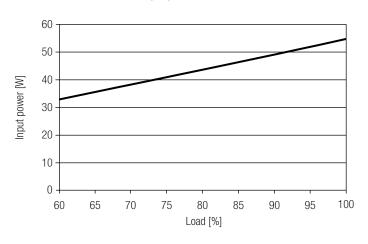




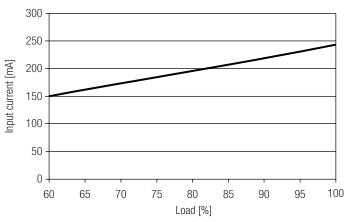
Power factor vs load



Input power vs load



Input current vs load



THD vs load

