

PN: SS-BME688#I2C SKU: ITBP-6007

s-Sense by itbrainpower.net

BME688 I2C sensor breakout

Equipped with **BME688** - the first gas sensor with Artificial Intelligence (AI) and integrated high-linearity and high-accuracy humidity and temperature sensors. The integrated gas sensor it's able to detect Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), Volatile Sulfur Compounds (VSCs) and other gases as carbon monoxide (CO) and hydrogen in the ppb (part per billion) range.

BME688 breakout features:

- *I2C interface, 3.3-5V auto* [default, the <u>I2C reference voltage follows the power in voltage</u>],
- *I2C reference voltage* option via solder jumper [Eg.: power at *5V and I2C at 3.3V*; power and *I2C at 2.2V*],
- alternative sensor I2C addresses via solder jumpers,
- power in with voltages between 3.3-5V [default],
- big soldering pads on 2.54 mm [0.1"] pitch for standard row header / connector
- very light and slim 13x27mm, around 2grams,
- compatible with Arduino [all 3.3V and 5V], xyz-mIoT shields, Raspberry PI
 [all versions] and other SBC / MCU Arduino [Beagle Bone, Teensy, ...]
- Arduino C, Raspberry PI [Python] software support.

BME688 sensor features:

- ambient range for operation -40 ~ +85C, 0%-100% r.H., 300-1100hPa
- gas sensor major outputs (via BSEC) IAQ, bVOC & CO2 equivalents (ppm), gas scan results (%) & intensity level
- sensor to sensor IAQ deviation +-15% / +-15IAQ
- relative humidity accuracy tolerance / hysteresis +-3% / <= 1.5%
- absolute temperature accuracy +-0.5C (at +25C)
- pressure sensitivity error +-0.25%

BME688 datasheet:

https://itbrainpower.net/downloadables/bst-bme688-fl000.pdf

Designed and manufactured in EU by R&D Software Solutions.

BME688* breakout

gas scanner, bVOC, VSC, humidity, pressure and temperature – air quality sensor with AI

PN: SS-BME688#I2C SKU: ITBP-6007

* BME688 digital sensor provided by Bosch Sensortec

The new BME 688 sensor its backward compatible with BME680. Additionally, to all features of the BME680, the BME688 has a gas scanner function. In standard configuration, the presence of VSCs is detected as indicator for e.g. bacteria growth. The gas scanner can be customized with respect to sensitivity, selectivity, data rate and power consumption as well. The BME AI-Studio tool enables customers to train the BME688 gas scanner on their specific application, like in home appliances, IoT products or Smart Home.

The gas sensor in the BM688 has a broad sensitivity and reacts to most volatile compounds as well as many other gases polluting indoor air. The intensity of the signal typically scales with the chemical reactivity of the gases. In contrast to sensors selective for one specific component, the BME688 is capable of measuring the sum of VOCs/contaminants in the surrounding air. This enables the BME688 to detect e.g. outgassing from paint, furniture and/or garbage, high VOC levels due to cooking, food consumption, exhaled breath and/or sweating.

The IAQ (Air quality index), target gas scaner selectivity, VOC, VSC and other features may be accessed using the "BSEC fusion library" provided by Bosch.

BME688 breakout :: INTERFACES, PADS and SOLDER JUMPERS

12C and POWERING INTERFACE

In the left edge of the top PCB side, top to bottom:

- 1. Vin POWER IN 3.3V / 5V (default) *
- 2. 3V3 Vdd LDO output (default) / LDO bypass IN **
- 3. SDA I2C SDA [default, pulled up at Vin]***
- 4. SCL I2C SCL [default, pullup up at Vin]***
- 5. GND POWER and I2C GROUND
- * Default, the I2C reference voltage follow the Vin voltage. If your board (Arduino/other) it's 5V compliant, connect +5V to Vin. Similar, for 3.3V compliant board (RPI/Arduino) connect 3.3V source to Vin.
- ** 3.3V voltage it's available on \underline{Vdd} PAD, if Vin it's connected to 5V. Bypass LDO see schema and read docs.
- *** Default, the I2C reference voltage follows the Vin voltage! Read bellow about I2C reference voltage and *s1* solder jumper.



Image 1 – sensor top side

SOLDER JUMPERS

s1: I2C reference [Vin or 3V3-bypass], default Vin *

s2: RESERVED

s3: BME688 I2C address [0x76/0x77], default 0x76 *

* Read about s1 and s2 functionality bellow.

SIGNALS INTERFACE and MARKING

In the left edge of the bottom PCB side, top to bottom:

- 6. RESERVED
- 7. RESERVED
- 8. RESERVED
- 9. RESERVED

nc. NOT CONNECTED

- * Taking a look at how-to posts and inside software examples may be quite helpful.
- *** Default HIGH level.

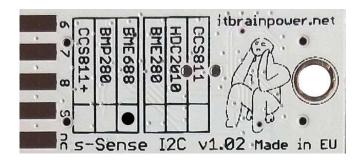


Image 2 – sensor bottom side

Observe the sensor breakout marking on PCB board (here, BME688 sensor it's marked as populated).

BME688 breakout :: Arduino / Raspberry PI basic interfacing

BME688 breakout	Arduino 5V [Eq.: UNO]	Arduino 3.3V [Eq.: Zero]	RPI [B/B+/II/3/3+/Zero/Zero W]
Vin PAD*	5V	3.3V	PIN1 (3.3V)
Vdd PAD (3V3)*	•	-	-
SDA PAD	SDA	SDA	PIN3 (SDA)
SCL PAD	SCL	SCL	PIN5 (SCL)
GND PAD	GND	GND	PIN9 (GND)

^{*} here, power in default mode (sensor & MCU power and I2C at same voltage!!). For alternate mode see solder jumper description bellow.

BME688 breakout :: solder jumpers description; power scenarios

s1* - I2C reference voltage selector - shipped with circuit 1-2 closed and circuit 2-3 open (default mode).

In default mode, the I2C reference voltage follows the voltage applied to Vin! Default mode use cases:

- shield/MCU it's 5V compatible ==> connect Vin at 5V; the I2C reference it's 5V!
- SBC/shield/MCU it's 3.3V compatible ==>connect Vin at 3.3V; the I2C reference it's 3.3V!.

Alternate mode - <u>I2C reference voltage follows the Vdd voltage</u>! - modify *s1* as: 1-2 circuit open, 2-3 circuit closed [carefully interrupt/cut the circuit line between pads 1 and 2, and solder over pads 2 and 3].

Alternate mode scenarios:

- apply 3.6-7V to <u>Vin</u>. The I2C reference voltage it's set at 3.3V! Also, at <u>Vdd</u> pad (LDO output) 3.3V (up to 100mA) it's available for third part powering (anyway, try to keep the sunk current as low as possible, in order to avoid thermal errors).
- keep <u>Vin</u> not connected. Apply 2.8 or 3.3V to <u>Vdd</u> (the LDO it's bypassed). The I2C reference voltage it's set at voltage applied to <u>Vdd</u> pad!

s2 - RESERVED

s3 – **BME688 I2C address** - default circuit open, BME688 having 0x76 as I2C address. Solder over *s3* pads [circuit closed] in order to select the alternate I2C address [0x77].

BME688 breakout :: ARDUINO & RaspberryPI software

https://itbrainpower.net/downloads.php#s-Sense

BME688 breakout :: ARDUINO & RaspberryPI documentation

https://itbrainpower.net/downloads.php#s-Sense documentation

BME688 breakout :: projects and how to

https://itbrainpower.net/projects

BME688 breakout :: part number / SKU

PN: SS-BME688#I2C SKU: ITBP-6007

^{*} Consult s-Sense block schema for more information. See projects/how to section.