Instruction manual



Ior Leakage Current Clamp Sensor

CLAMP SENSOR Series

KEW 8177/8178





DISTRIBUTOR

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1. Safety warnings

○ KEW 8177/ 8178 lor leakage clamp sensor (Sensor) has been designed, manufactured and tested according to IEC 61010: Safety requirements for Electronic Measuring apparatus, and delivered in the best condition after passing quality control tests. This instruction manual contains warnings and safety rules which have to be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the Sensor and to maintain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these operating instructions before using the Sensor.

A WARNING

- Read through and understand instructions contained in this manual before starting to use the Sensor.
 Keep the manual at hand to enable quick reference whenever
- necessary The Sensor is to be used only in its intended applications.
- Understand and follow all the safety instructions contained in the manual. It is essential that the above instructions are adhered to. Failure to

follow the above instructions may cause injury and or damage the Sensor.

The symbol A marked on the Sensor means that the user must refer to the related parts in the manual for safe operation of the Sensor. It is essential to read the instructions wherever \triangle symbol appears in the manual

- : is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal injury. reserved for conditions and actions that can cause
- serious or fatal Injury. : is reserved for conditions and actions that can
- cause minor injury or damage the Sensor.

- Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses. Otherwise, the use of the Sensor may cause Wear insulated protective gears to reduce the risks such as
- electrical shock at the workplace. Never make measurement in CAT III environment if electrical
- potentials of 300 V AC or higher exist in the circuit to be tested. • Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any measuring
- range. • The Sensor is to be used only in its intended applications or
- conditions. Otherwise, safety functions equipped with the Sensor will not

work, and Sensor damage or serious personal injury may occur. Verify proper operation on a known source before starting to use



- The transformer jaws are designed so as not to short-circuiting the object under test; however, be especially careful about the possible shorting where the measured object has uninsulated . conductors
- Never attempt to use the Sensor if it's surface or your hand is wet.

- Always keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier on the Sensor to avoid the possible shock hazard.
- Never attempt to make any measurement, if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as broken case, and exposed metal
- Do not install substitute parts or make any modification to the
- Sensor Return the Sensor to your local distributor for repair or re-calibration in case of suspected faulty operation.

- The Sensor is not dust nor water-proof. Don't use the Sensor at dusty places or to be spattered.
- Take sufficient care to avoid shock when handling the Sensor and also to prevent foreign substance from being stuck between the transformer jaws.
- Do not step on or pinch the cable to prevent the jacket of cable from being damaged
- Do not bend or pull the cable of the clamp sensor Connect/ disconnect the output terminal without clamping onto a
- measured conductor Do not expose the Sensor to direct sunlight, high temperature
- humidity or dew. Never give shocks, such as vibration or drop, which may damage
- the Sensor Use a damp cloth and detergent for cleaning the Sensor. Do not
- use abrasives or solvents

Safety symbol

- User must refer to the explanations in the instruction manual.
- Instrument with double or reinforced insulation
- ndicates that this instrument can clamp on live bare conductors when the voltage to be tested is below Circuit – Ground-to-Earth voltage against the indicated Measurement Category.

Crossed-out wheel bin symbol (according to WEEE Directive Ø

2002/96/EC) indicating that this electrical product may not be treated as household waste, but that it must be collected and treated separately.



Connectors on KEW 5050 Three-phase 4-wire

(5) Ensure that the arrow mark on the clamp sensor points towards load side (towards neutral at earth line measurement). Ensure that the tips of transformer jaws are firmly closed.



Measurement Category

To ensure safe operation of measuring instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as O to CAT IV and called measurement categories Higher-numbered categories correspond to electrical environments with greater momentary energy, so a measuring instrument designed one designed for CAT II.

- O(None, Other) : Circuits which are not directly connected to the mains : Electrical circuits of equipment connected to an AC CAT II
- electrical outlet by a power cord. CAT III Primary electrical circuits of the equipment connected
- directly to the distribution panel, and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets CAT IV
 - : The circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).



2. Features

- KEW 8177/ 8178 are clamp sensors to measure lor leakage



Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the required minimum air and creepage distances. Always keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement

6. Specifications

o. opcomoun		
Model name	KEW 8177	KEW 8
Rated current	10 A (rms) AC (14.1 A peak)	
Output voltage	500 mV AC/ 10 A AC (50 mV/)	
Measuring range	0 – 10 A AC	
Accuracy (Input: sine wave)	\pm 1.0%rdg \pm 0.025 mV (40 - 70 \pm 4.0%rdg \pm 0.025 mV (30 - 5 of 100mA or more)	
Phase characteristics	Within $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$ (45 – 70 Hz while combining under the input of 10% or moleakage current range)	
Current consumption	8.6 mA max.	
Temperature & humidity range (Guaranteed accuracy)	23±5°C, relative humidity 85% (no condensation)	
Operating temperature & humidity range	-10 to 50°C, relative humidity 8 (no condensation)	
Storage temperature & humidity range	-20 to 60°C, relative humidity 8 (no condensation)	
Max. allowable input*1	100 A (rms) AC, continuous, (4	
Output impedance	Approx. 100 Ω or less Approx	
Location for use	Altitude up to 2000 m, in-door	
Applicable standard	IEC61010-1, IEC61010-2-032 CAT III 300 V Pollution degree IEC 61326-1 (EMC) and EN50 (Environmental standard)	
Withstand voltage	3470 V AC (rms, 50/ 60 Hz) / 5 * Any combination of: engaged output terminal	
Insulation resistance	50 MΩ or more (@1000 V) * Any combination of: engaged output terminal	
Conductor size	Approx. Ø40 mm max.	Approx
Outer dimension	128(L)×81(W)×36(D)mm	186(L)×
Cable length	Approx. 3 m	
Weight	Approx. 280 g	Approx
Accessories	Instruction manual, Carrying case (KEW 8177: M-9095, KEW 81	

*1: Allowable limit values in the case of in correct operations. Accuracy is not guaranteed for current inputs higher than the rated current. *2: Carrying case isn't packed with the clamp sensor supplied as standard accessory.

08-17

- Sensitive transformer jaws are used for leakage clamp sensor. Because of the characteristics of split-core type transformer, it is impossible to eliminate the interference of external magnetic field completely. If there is a presence of strong magnetic field, use the
- · Conductor fed large current Motor



(3) Power on KEW 5050 and wait for a while until the connected for KEW 5050 for details

(4) Connect the clamp sensor and the voltage test lead properly





Sensor at a distance as far as possible from it. The followings are the typical things which generate magnetic field.

Equipment which has magnet

· Integrating wattmeter

(1) Attach the color markers, supplied with KEW 5050, to clamp sensors for easy recognition. Colors of the marker are harmonized with that of current input terminals (red: A1, yellow: A2, blue: A3 areen: A4).



(2) Connect the output terminal to the current input terminal on KEW

sensor is identified. * Sensor detection can be performed on "Basic setting" screen. See "6.2 Basic settings" in the manual





Single-phase 2-wire

The Sensor is dedicated to our "KEW 5050 for Leakage

Logger". When connecting to our other mouels, such as 5010/ 5020, the sensor auto-detecting function doesn't work.

Ensure that the transformer jaws are fully closed while clamping

When connecting to our other models, such as KEW

Provides the best phase characteristics when combined and used with our KEW 5050 lor leakage logger.
 Designed to meet IEC 61010-2-032 (CAT III, Pollution degree 2) 3. Sensor layout



8178 A) 70 Hz) kHz, with inputs with KEW 5050 ore of KEW 5050 5% or less 85% or less 85% or less 40 - 70 Hz) ox. 60 Ω or less use 0581 5 sec Jaws, enclosure Jaws, enclosure

x. Ø68 mm max. ×129(W)×53(D)mm

x. 560 g

178: M-9094*2)

4. DIN plug pin assignment



· Power

: NC (Not connected) : GND pin

: SCL pin for memory

5 : Output signal pin 6 : SDA pin for memory

 Above figure shows the pin assignment seeing the clamp sensor from output connector part. The figure of the pin assignment of Power to the Sensor is supplied from KEW 5050 via cable. Connect

a power supply of +5 V across GND pin (no.3) and Power pin (no. 1). The internal memory stores the information about sensor type, serial no and phase correction value. The Sensor is automatically

 * KEW 5050 is an Ior leakage logger which has a reference voltage input terminal and four current input terminals and can measure and record resistive leakage current (lor) up to four systems. For its specs and functions, please see the instruction manual for **KEW 5050**

5. Operating instructions

A DANGER	
The rated ground-to-voltage is CAT III 300 V. Never make measurement if the potential of the circuit under test exceeds 300 V.	
The transformer jaws are designed so as not to short-circuiting the object under test; however, be especially careful about the possible shorting where the measured object has uninsulated	
conductors.	

▲ CAUTION

- Take sufficient care to avoid shock, vibration or excessive force when handling the Sensor. Otherwise, precisely adjusted transformer jaws will be damaged.
 When transformer jaws do not fully close, never try to close them
- by force, but make them free to move and try again. If a foreign Hold the inserting part (except for the cable) and disconnect the
- output terminal from the measuring instrument so as not to cause a break in the cable.
- Do not forcibly open the jaws if they are frozen.

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