



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AONR62921

100V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

- Trench Power AlphaSGT™ technology
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- Logic Level Gate Drive
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

Product Summary

V_{DS}	100V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	50A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 10.2mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$)	< 12.6mΩ

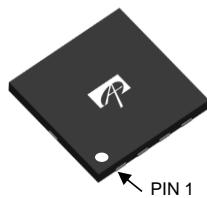
Applications

- Synchronous Rectification in Power Adaptors

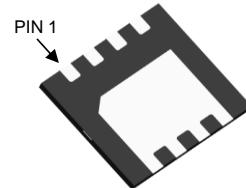
100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



Top View

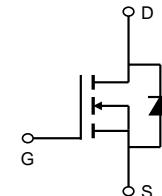


Bottom View



Top View

S	1	8	D
S	2	7	D
S	3	6	D
G	4	5	D



Orderable Part Number

AONR62921

Package Type

DFN 3.3x3.3

Form

Tape & Reel

Minimum Order Quantity

3000

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current $T_C=25^\circ C$	I_D	50	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$	I_D	31.5	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	135	
Continuous Drain Current $T_A=25^\circ C$	I_{DSM}	13.5	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$	I_{DSM}	10.5	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}	37	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1mH$ ^C	E_{AS}	68	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	54	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$	P_D	21.5	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	4.1	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$	P_{DSM}	2.6	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A $t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	25	30	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} Steady-State		50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.8	2.3	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	100			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.75	2.3	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=13.5\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		8.5	10.2	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=11.5\text{A}$		16	19.2	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=13.5\text{A}$		50		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				50	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2450		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			180		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			11		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0.6	1.2	1.8	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, I_D=13.5\text{A}$		35		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			15.5		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			6.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			5		nC
Q_{oss}	Output Charge	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}$		30		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, R_L=3.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			30		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=13.5\text{A}, di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		25		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=13.5\text{A}, di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		123		nC

A. The value of R_{DJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\text{DJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{DJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{JC} and case to ambient.

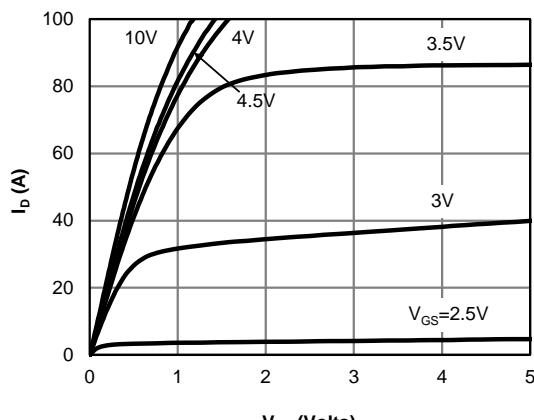
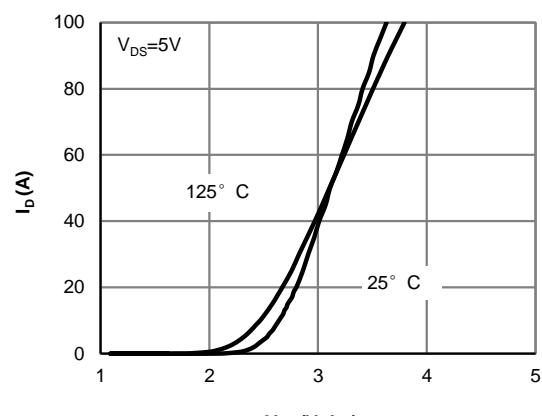
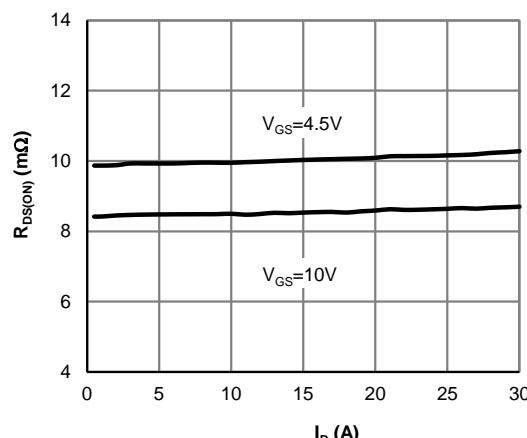
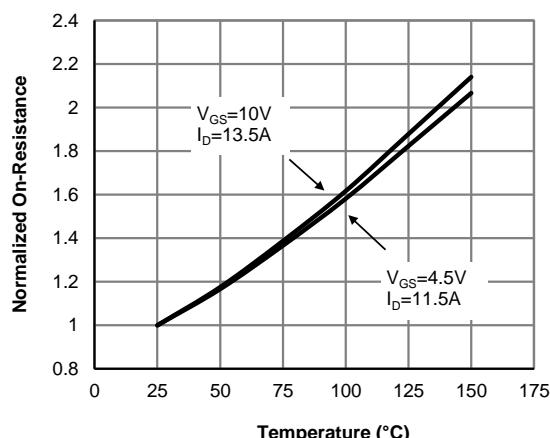
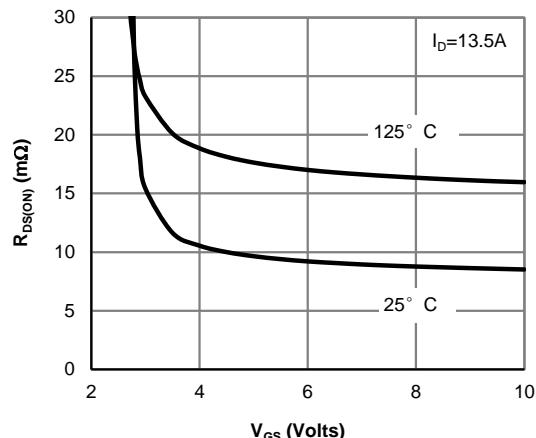
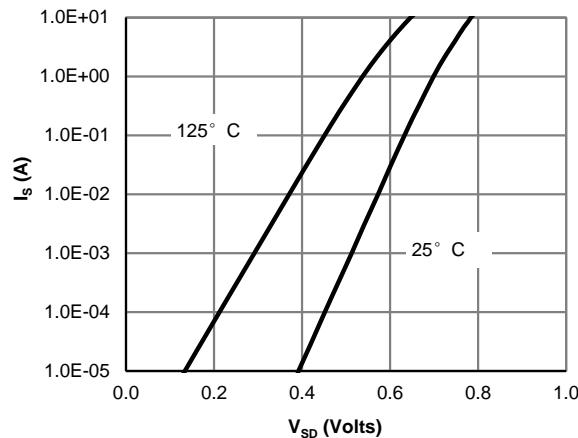
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

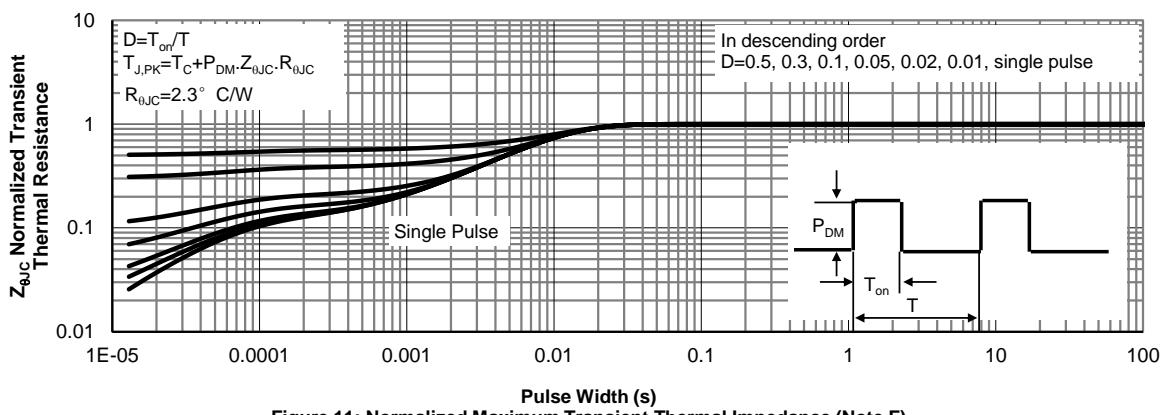
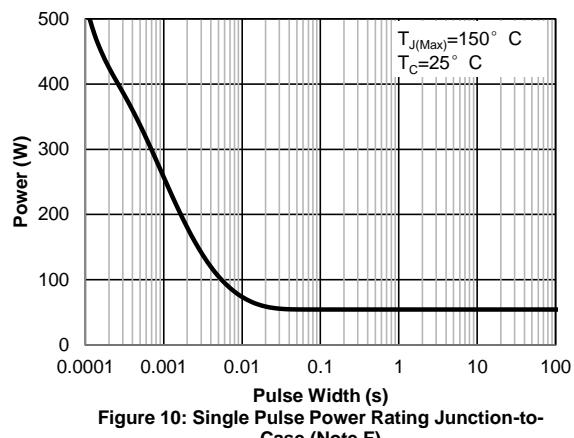
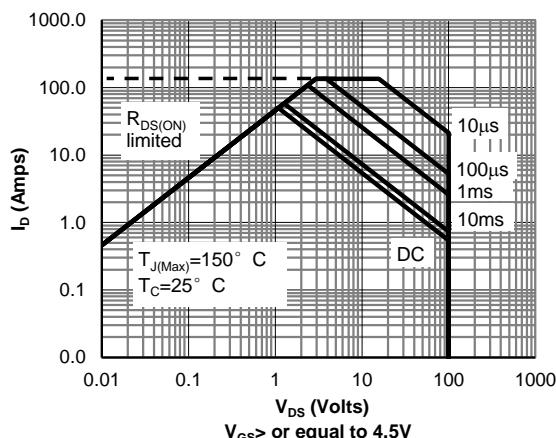
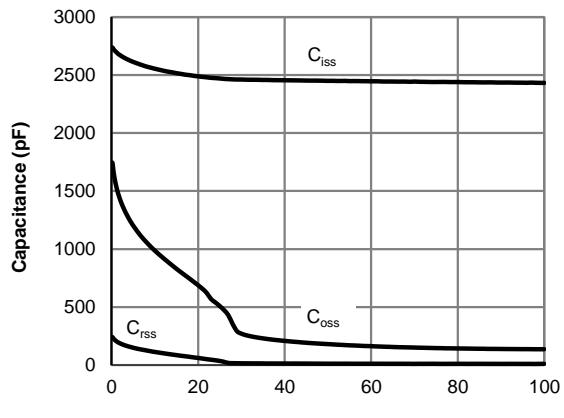
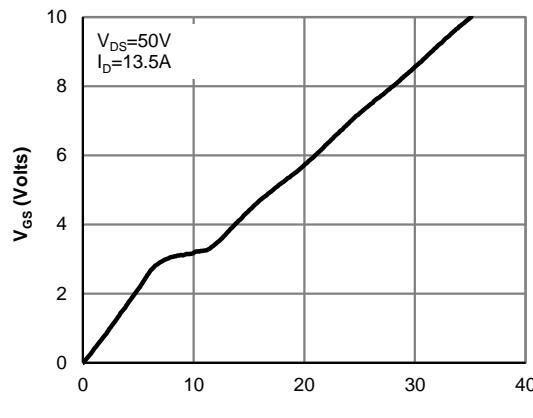
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


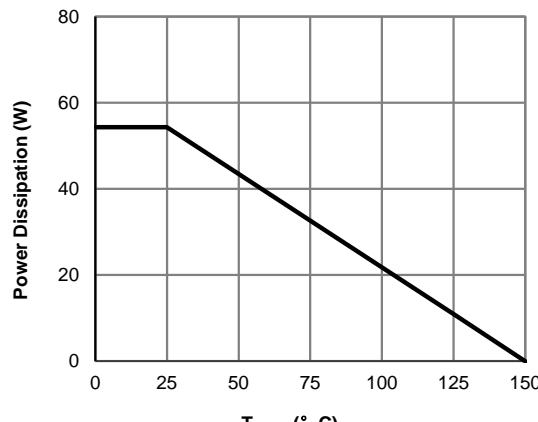
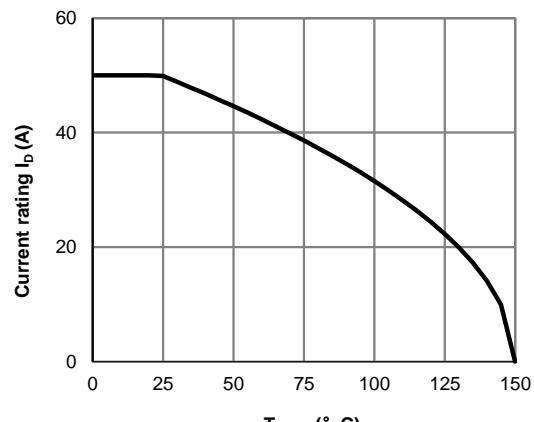
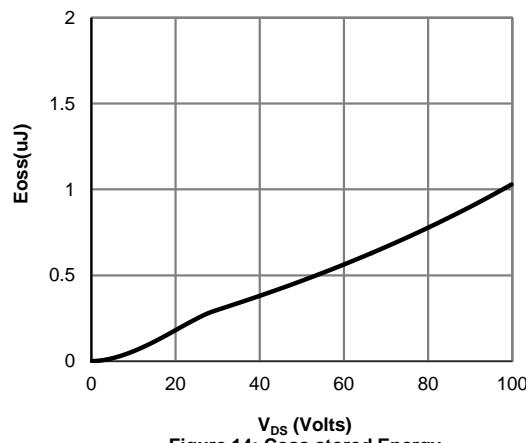
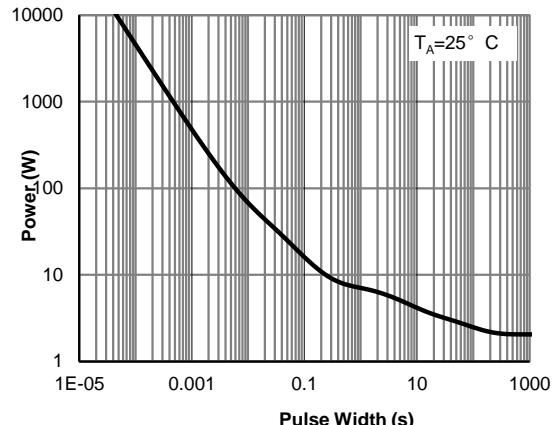
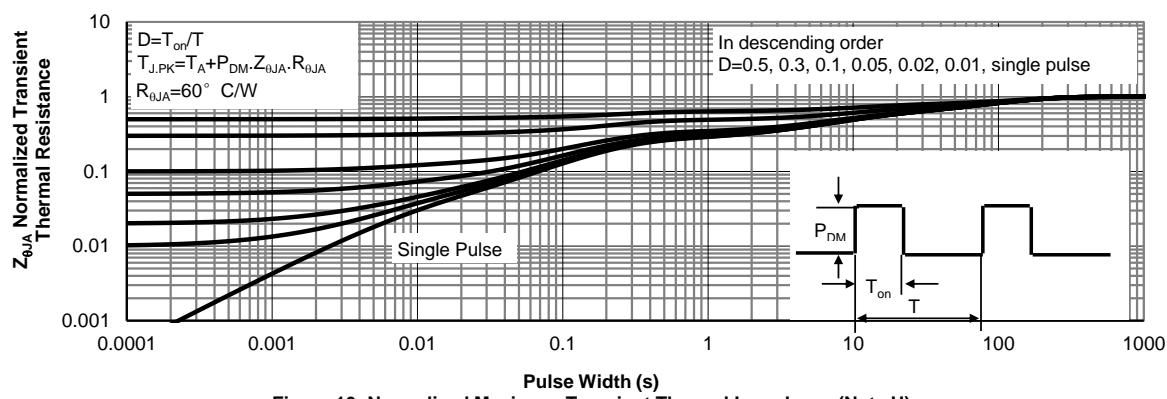
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

Figure 14: Coss stored Energy

Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

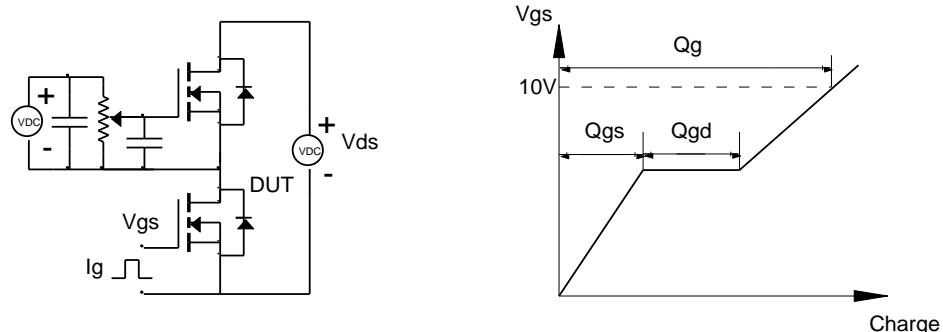


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

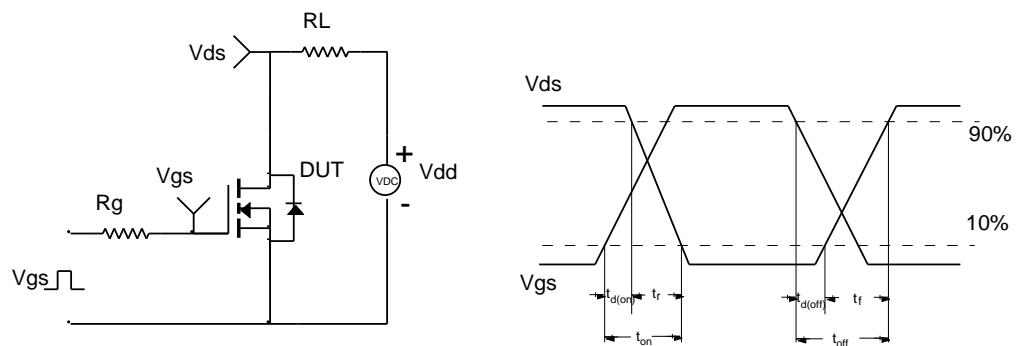


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

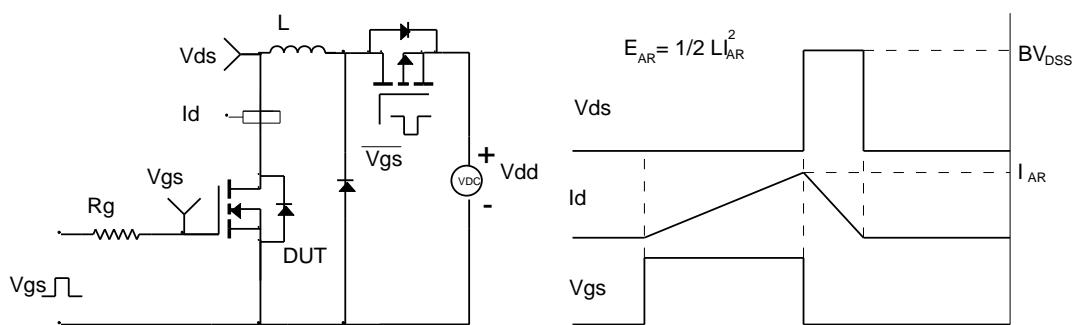


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

