

Standard Rectifier Module

V_{RRM} = 2x 1600 V

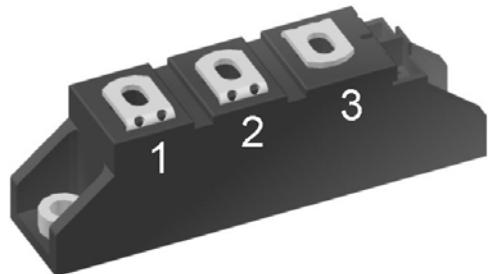
I_{FAV} = 36 A

V_F = 1.05 V

Phase leg

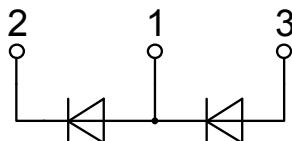
Part number

MDD26-16N1B



Backside: isolated

E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For single and three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

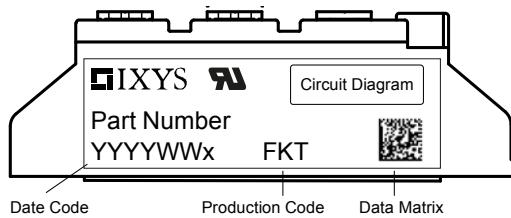
Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1600 V$ $V_R = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		100 1.5	μA mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 40 A$ $I_F = 80 A$ $I_F = 40 A$ $I_F = 80 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.13 1.38 1.05 1.27	V V
I_{FAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 100^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		36	A
$I_{F(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			60	A
V_{FO} r_F	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.80 6.1	V $m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				1	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.20		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		125	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		650 700	A
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		555 595	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		2.12 2.04	kA²s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		1.54 1.48	kA²s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	27		pF

Package TO-240AA			Ratings		
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.
					Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			200 A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150 °C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125 °C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125 °C
Weight				90	g
M_D	mounting torque		2.5		4 Nm
M_T	terminal torque		2.5		4 Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air		terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7 mm
$d_{Spb/App}$			terminal to backside	16.0	16.0 mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3600		V
			3000		V

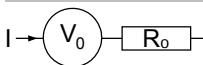


Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDD26-16N1B	MDD26-16N1B	Box	6	453064

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150$ °C



Rectifier

$V_{0\max}$ threshold voltage

0.8

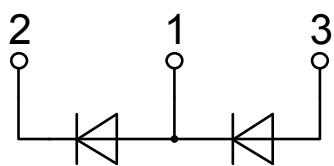
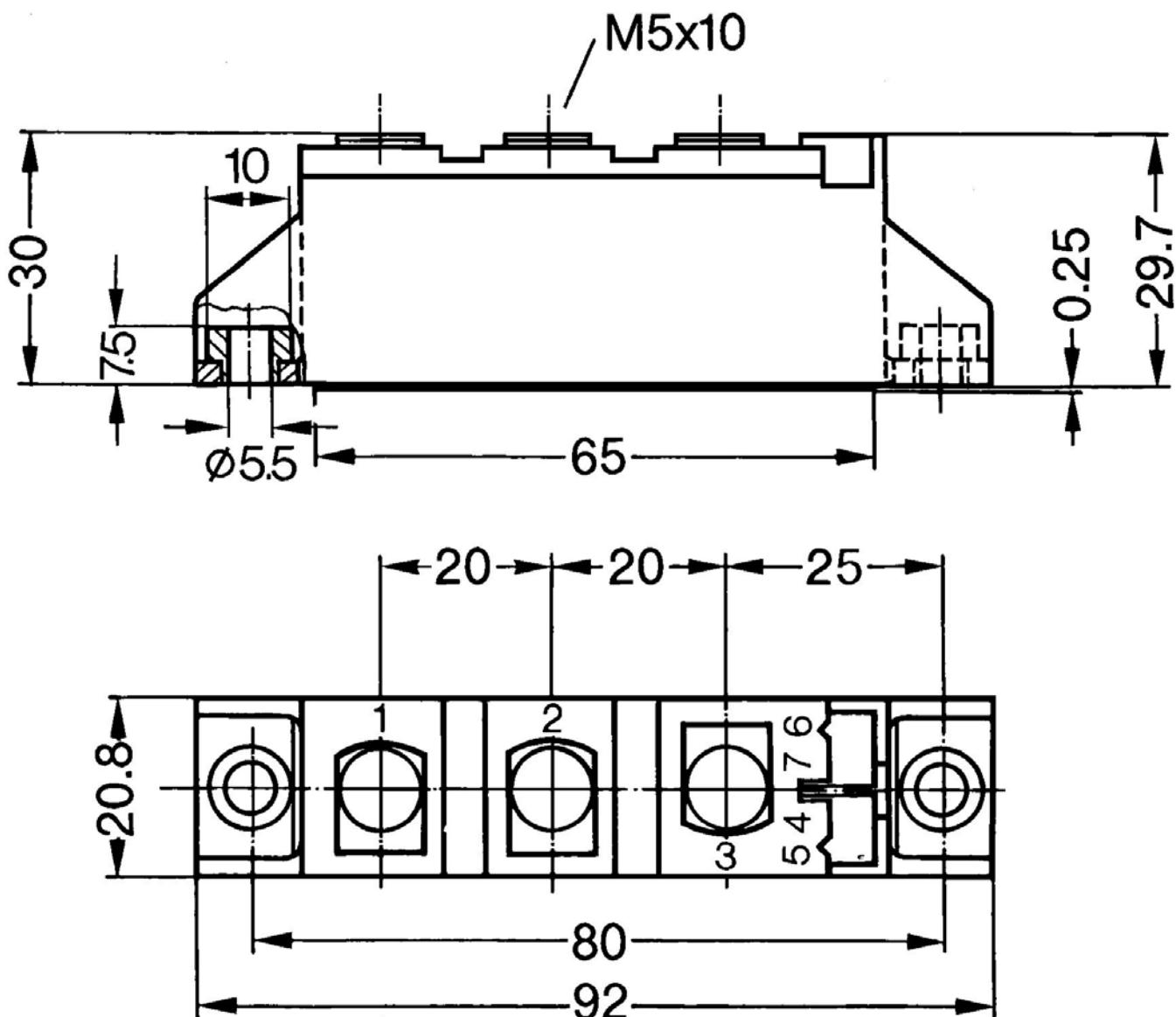
V

$R_{0\max}$ slope resistance *

4.9

mΩ

Outlines TO-240AA



Rectifier

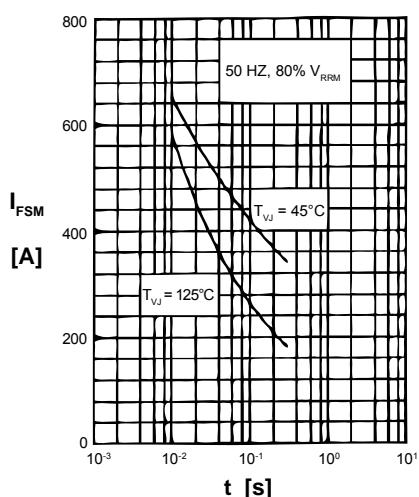


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : Crest value, t : duration

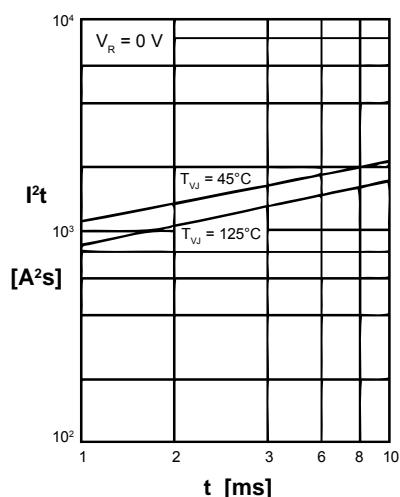


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

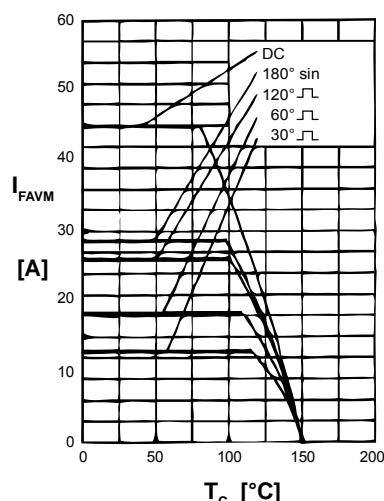


Fig. 3 Max. forward current
at case temperature

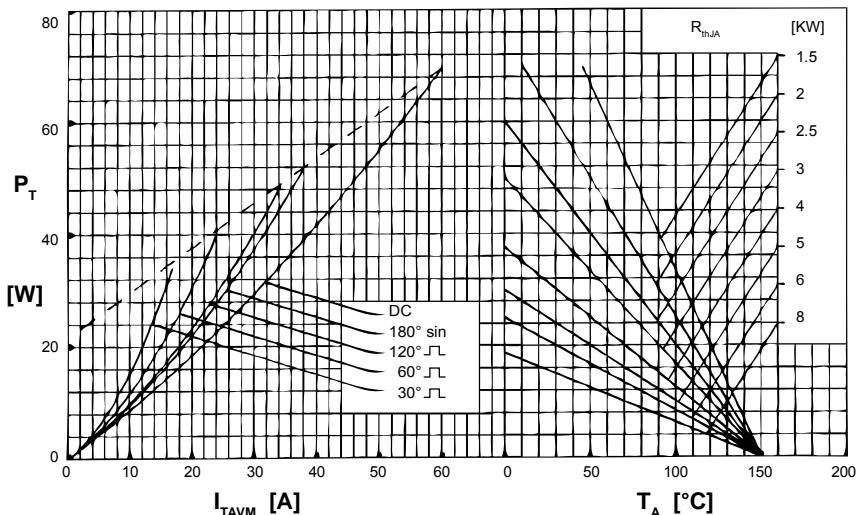


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus onstate current & ambient temperature (per diode)

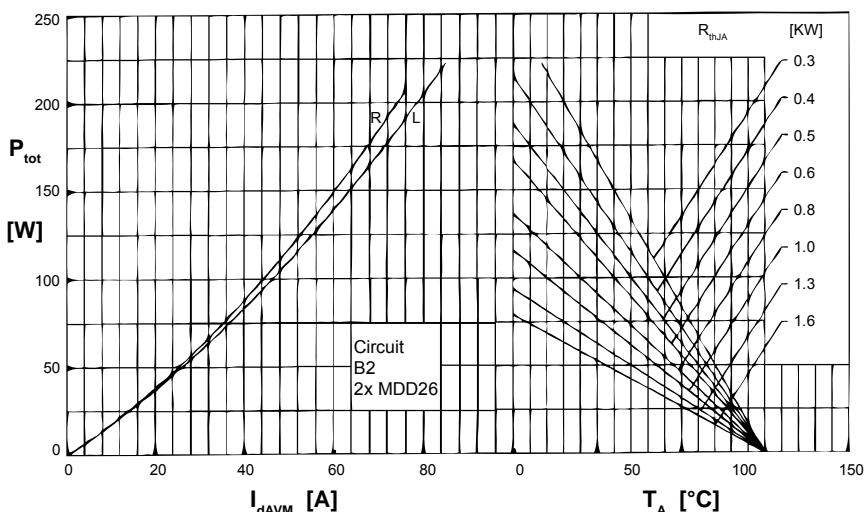


Fig. 6 Single phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation vs. direct output current and ambient temperature; R = resistive load, L = inductive load

Rectifier

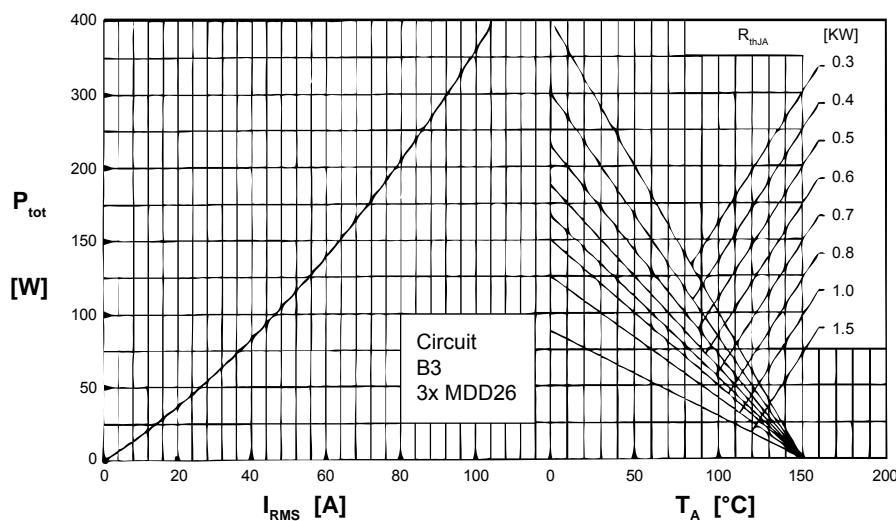


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

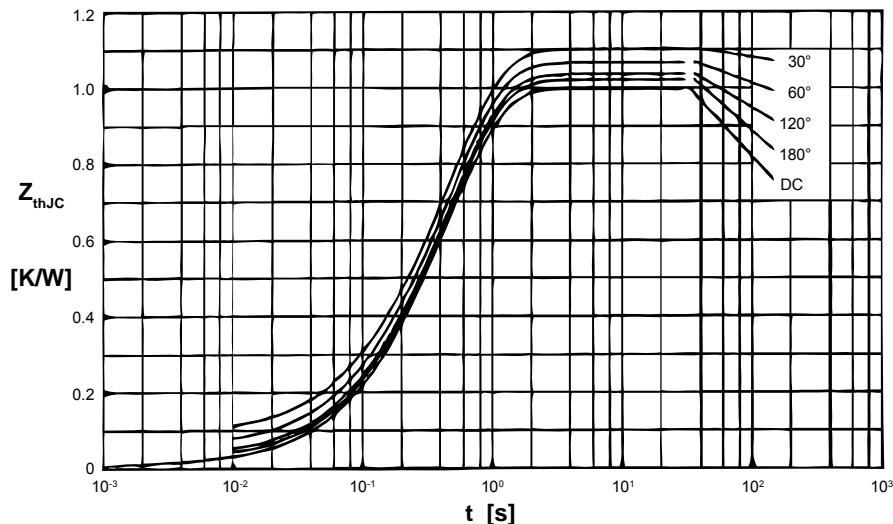


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

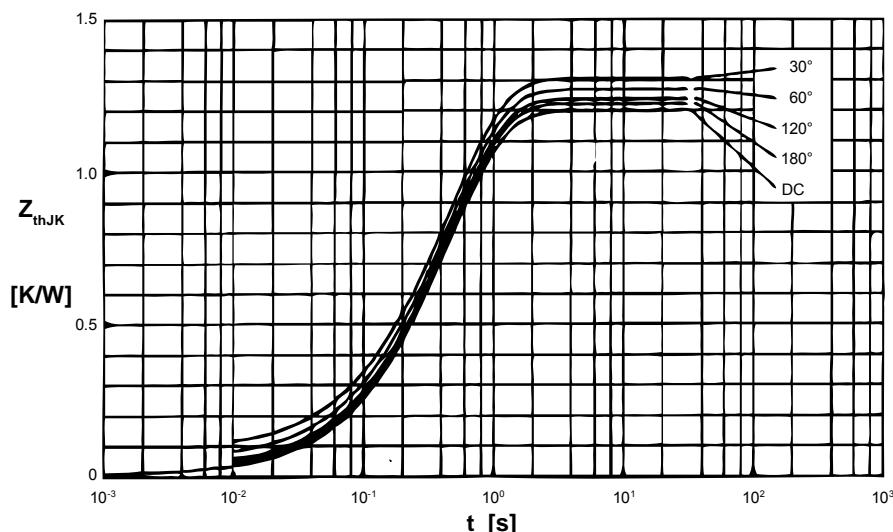


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:	
d	R_{thJC} [K/W]
DC	1.00
180°	1.02
120°	1.04
60°	1.07
30°	1.10

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:		
i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.0950
3	0.96	0.4550

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:	
d	R_{thJK} [K/W]
DC	1.20
180°	1.22
120°	1.24
60°	1.27
30°	1.30

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:		
i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.0950
3	0.96	0.4550
4	0.20	0.4950