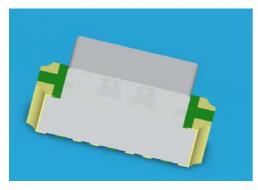


# **DATASHEET**

# SMD • B 17-223/R6G6C-D30/3C



#### **Features**

- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Multi-color type
- Pb-free.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH.
- Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm)

## **Description**

- The 17-223 SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications. etc.

# **Applications**

- Backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- Telecommunication: indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- General use.



# **Device Selection Guide**

Code	Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
R6	AlGalnP	Brilliant Red	Water Claar
G6	AlGaInP	Brilliant Yellow Green	Water Clear

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Code	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	VR		5	V
		R6	25	A
Forward Current	lf	G6	25	— mA
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)		R6	60	
	lгр	G6	60	mA
Davier Dissination		R6	60	— mW
Power Dissipation	Pd	G6	60	
Electroctatic Dischause	F0D	R6	2000	
Electrostatic Discharge	ESDнвм	G6	2000	– V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +8	35	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +9	00	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol		Reflow Soldering : 26 Hand Soldering : 350	



**Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25℃)** 

Parameter Parameter	Symbol	Code	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity		R6	5.8		14.5	– mcd	
	lv	G6	2.3		5.8	mca	
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>			130		deg	_
Peak Wavelength	λn	R6		632		– nm	
	λр	G6		575		11111	– I <sub>F</sub> =2mA –
Dominant Wavelength	λd	R6	617.5		633.5	- nm	
		G6	567.5		575.5		
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ	R6		20		- nm	
		G6		20			
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub> —	R6	1.55		2.15	– V	
		G6	1.55		2.15	– v	
Reverse Current		R6			10	- 11Δ	\/p=5\/
	<b>I</b> R	G6			10	- μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

# Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

<sup>2.</sup> Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

<sup>3.</sup> Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V

<sup>4.</sup> RA test @ 5mA.



# Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

R6

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
JA	5.8	9.0	— mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA
KA	9.0	14.5		

## G6

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
GA	2.3	3.6		
НА	3.6	5.8	— mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA

# **Bin Range of Dominant Wavelength**

**R6** 

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
E4	617.5	621.5		
E5	621.5	625.5		J. O A
E6	625.5	629.5	mm nm	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA
E7	629.5	633.5		

# G6

<u> </u>				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
C15	567.5	569.5		
C16	569.5	571.5		J. O. A
C17	571.5	573.5	mm nm	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA
C18	573.5	575.5		

#### Note:

- 1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%
- 2. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm



# **Bin Range of Forward Voltage**

# R6

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
00	1.55	1.75		
0	1.75	1.95	V	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA
1	1.95	2.15		

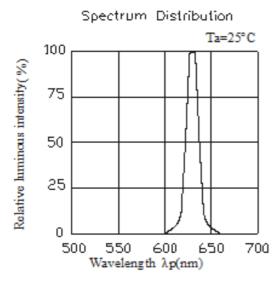
## G6

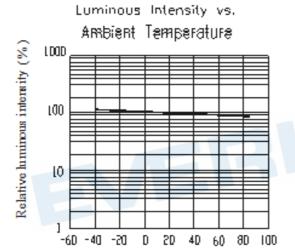
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
00	1.55	1.75		
0	1.75	1.95	V	I <sub>F</sub> =2mA
1	1.95	2.15		
. Tolerance of Fo	rward Voltage: ±0.1V			

<sup>1.</sup> Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V

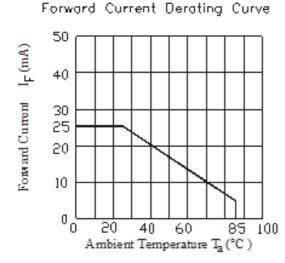


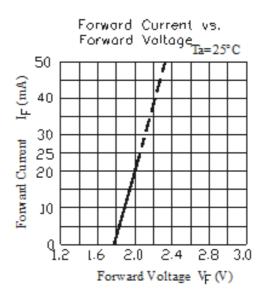
# Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves R6

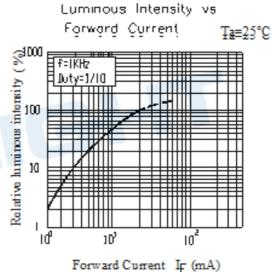


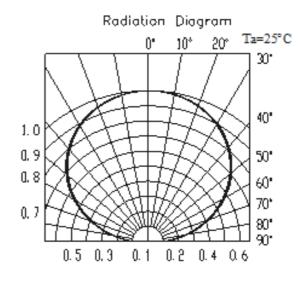


Ambient Temperature T<sub>2</sub>(°C)



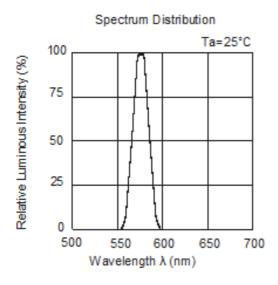


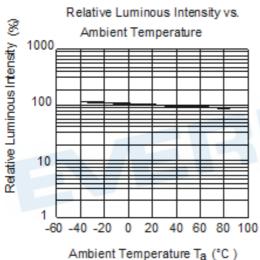


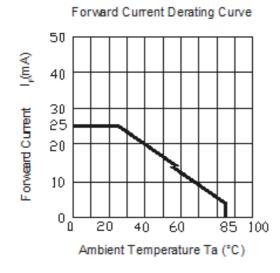


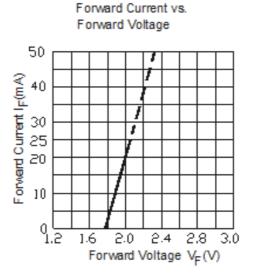


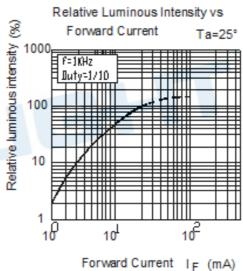
# Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves G6

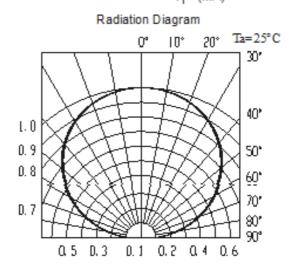






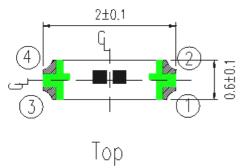


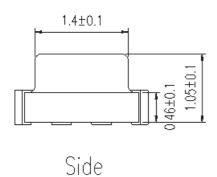


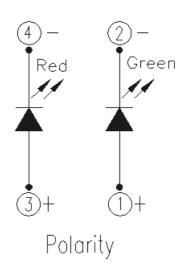


Rev.5

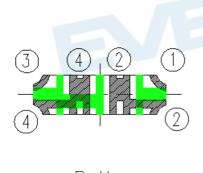
# **Package Dimension**



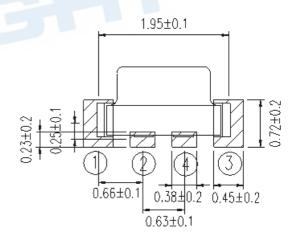




Recommend Sodering Pad



Bottom

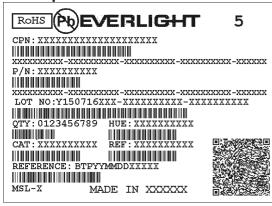


Suggested pad dimension is just for reference only. Please modify the pad dimension based on individual need.

Note: Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit = mm

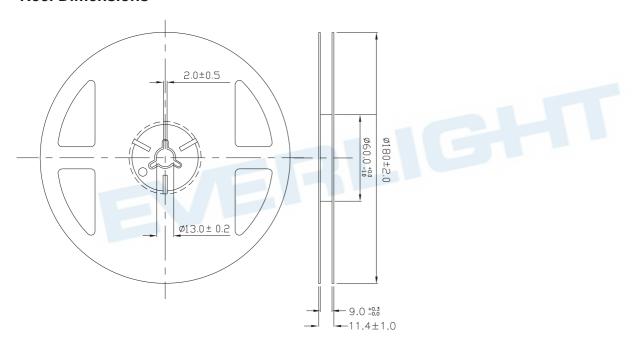


# Moisture Resistant Packing Materials Label Explanation



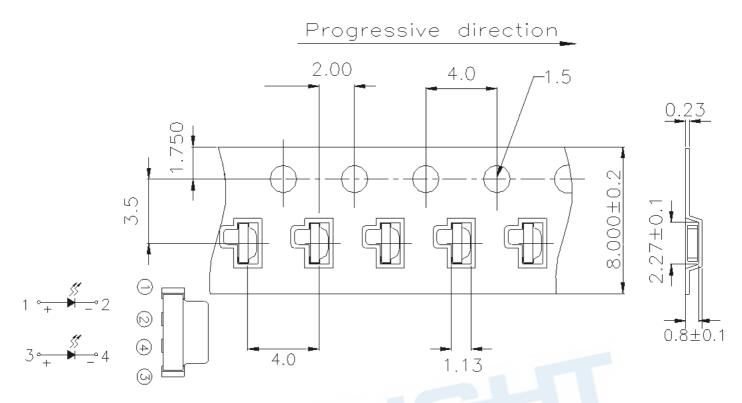
- · CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- · QTY: Packing Quantity
- · CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates & Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- · LOT No: Lot Number

## **Reel Dimensions**



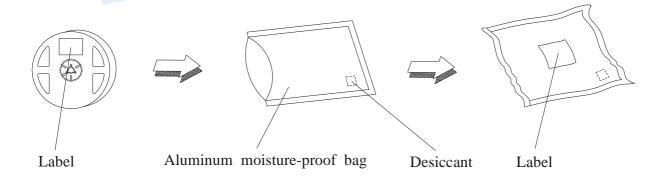
Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$ mm ,Unit = mm

# Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded quantity 3000 PCS per reel



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$ mm ,Unit = mm

# **Moisture Resistant Packaging**





### **Precautions For Use**

### 1. Over-current-proof

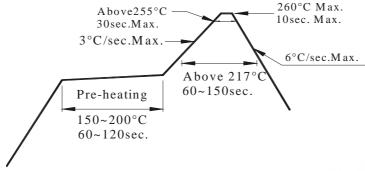
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change ( Burn out will happen ).

### 2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 After opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 60%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 168hrs under 30℃ or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.

### 3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



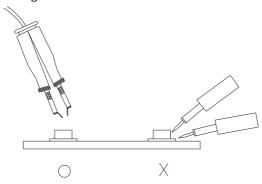
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

### 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $350^{\circ}$  for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.





# **Application Restrictions**

High reliability applications such as military/aerospace, automotive safety/security systems, and medical equipment may require different product. If you have any concerns, please contact Everlight before using this product in your application. This specification guarantees the quality and performance of the product as an individual component. Do not use this product beyond the specification described in this document.

## **DISCLAIMER**

- 1. EVERLIGHT reserves the right(s) on the adjustment of product material mix for the specification.
- 2. The product meets EVERLIGHT published specification for a period of twelve (12) months from date of shipment.
- 3. The graphs shown in this datasheet are representing typical data only and do not show guaranteed values.
- 4. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
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