# OLED DISPLAY SPECIFICATION





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# SPECIFICATION

Model No:

# REX128128AYAP3N00000

### **CUSTOMER:**

APPROVED BY										
PCB VERSION										
DATE										
FOR CUSTOMER USE	FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY									
SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY							

Release DATE:

APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS ONLY

**APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND SAMPLE** 



## **Revision History**

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2016/04/08		First release
A	2016/06/01		Modify Static electricity test
В	2017/11/21		Modify Reliability test
			Condition
С	2018/11/28		Modify Static electricity test
			Content of Test
D	2019/05/24		Modify Electrical
			Characteristics & Interface Pir
			Function & ICC & Brightness &
			lifetime
			Add Application
			recommendations & Initial
E	2019/09/02		Modify Precautions in use of
			OLED Modules
F	2019/12/18		Modify Reliability Test and
			measurement conditions &
			Inspection specification:"
			Accept no dense" modify to
			"ignore"& Precautions
G	2020/08/27		Modify Inspection specification
Н	2020/11/18		Modify Storage Precautions
I	2020/12/29		1.Modify Application
			recommendations Add notes
			2.Modify ICC & DC Electrical
			Characteristics Notes
		1000	3.Modify Initial code &
			Brightness & Contrast Ratio
J	2021/01/26		Modify Precautions in use of
(			OLED Modules
			Add Optical Characteristics
			Description
K	2021/02/25		Modify Precautions in use of
			OLED Modules
	2022/10/04		Modify Reliability Test and
			measurement conditions
M	2023/04/27		Modify Lifetime note
N	2023/05/18		Modify the inspection criteria
			name of the inspection
-			specification
0	2024/08/15		Modify Interface Pin Function
			description
			•



# Contents

- 1. General Specification
- 2.Module Classification Information
- 3.Interface Pin Function
- 4.Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings
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- 7.Optical Characteristics
- 8.OLED Lifetime
- 9.Reliability
- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



### **1.General Specification**

The Features is described as follow:

- Module dimension: 33.8 x 36.5 x 2.05 mm
- Active area: 26.86 x 26.86 mm
- Dot Matrix: 128 x 128
- Pixel size: 0.185 x 0.185 mm
- Pixel pitch: 0.21 x 0.21 mm
- Display Mode: Passive Matrix
- Duty: 1/128 Duty
- Display Color: Yellow
- IC: SSD1327
- Gray Scale: 4 bits
- Interface: 6800,8080,4-Wire SPI ,I2C
- Size: 1.5 inch



### **2.Module Classification information**

1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Х	1281	28	А	Y	A	Р	3	N	0	0	0	00
											1		Ċ	
1	Bran	id : Ray	ystar O	ptroni	ics Ind	C.								
2	E : (	DLED												
						racter				-		3 Graph	nic	
3	Disr	olay Typ		: CO(								3 + FR		
Ū	Diop		P			R + PC	B				: COF			
	Det	Matular		: CO(	3 + P	СВ				N	: COF	+ FR	+ PCB	
4	Serie	Matrix :	128	120										
5	Sene	38		T -								. =	<u> </u>	
					Ambe	r		R : Re			C	:Full(	Color	
6	Emit	Emitting Color		B : Blue W : White										
-					Greer			Y : Ye						
					Sky B			X:Dι						
7	Pola	rizer					er; N: \		it Pola	rizer				
							olarize							
8 9	Disp	-	ode		Passi 3.0~3.		rix ; N 5 : 5		/e Mat	rix				
		er Volta	-			· ·			Vith to	uch pa	nel			
10	Touc	h Pane	*		Stand		in pan	CI, I. V	vitil to			-		
			C				adable							
11	Prod	luct typ	е	1 : Daylight Readable 2 : Transparent OLED (TOLED)										
							ED (FC		,					
	4 : OLED Lighting													
					Stand									
12	Insp	ection (	Grade		3 grad									
. 2						notive	•							
4.0						Imer g				)	. 7 . 6			
13	Optio								:~P:(	ptions	; ∠ : S	Semi-c	ustomi	zea
14	Seria	al No.		Seri	ai nur	nper(0	0~99)				10	00	00.	

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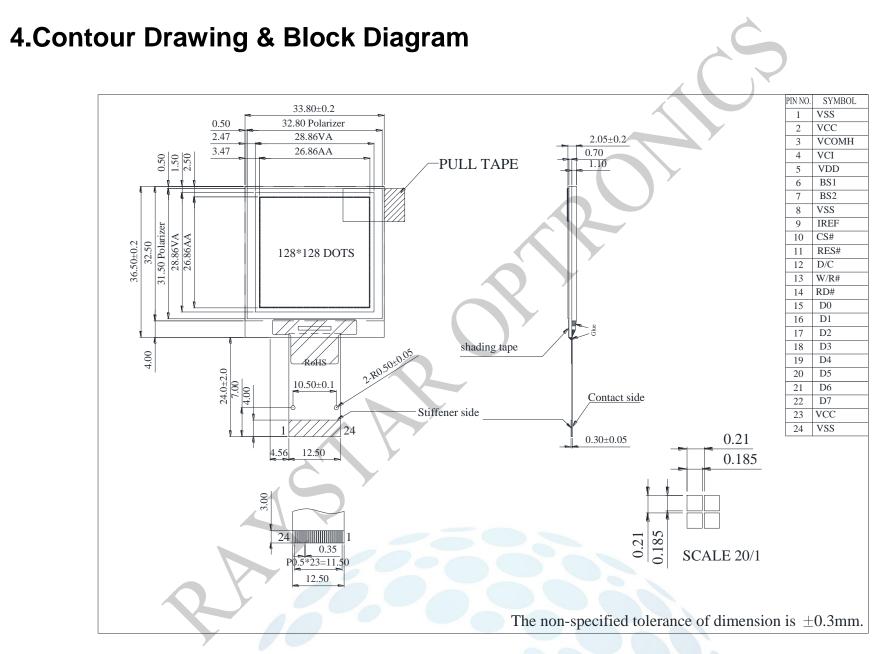
## **3.Interface Pin Function**

No.	Symbol	Function						
1	VSS	Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.						
2	VCC	Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power						
2		voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.						
		COM signal deselected voltage level.						
3	VCOMH	A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS. No external						
		ower supply is allowed to connect to this pin.						
		Low voltage power supply and power supply for interface logic level. It						
4	VCI	should match with the MCU interface voltage level and must be connected to						
		external source.						
F		VCI must always set to be equivalent to or higher than VDD.						
5	VDD	Power supply pin for core logic operation.						
6	BS1	MCU bus interface selection pins. Select appropriate logic setting as						
		described in the following table. BS2 and BS1 are pin select.						
		Bus Interface selection						
		BS[2:1] Interface 00 4 line SPI						
	BS2							
7								
		118-bit 8080 parallel108-bit 6800 parallel						
		10 8-bit 6800 parallel Note						
		(1) 0 is connected to VSS						
		(2) 1 is connected to VCI						
8	VSS	Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.						
0								
9	IREF	This pin is the segment output current reference pin						
		This pin is the chip select input connecting to the MCU.						
10	CS#	The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled LOW						
		(active LOW).						
		This pin is reset signal input.						
11	RES#	When the pin is pulled LOW, initialization of the chip is executed.						
	<u> </u>	Keep this pin pull HIGH during normal operation.						
		This pin is Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU.						
		When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data at D[7:0] will be interpreted as data.						
12	D/C	When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at D[7:0] will be transferred to a						
		command register.						
		In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.						



13This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected.14RD#This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected.14RD#selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.15D016D117D218D319D420D521D622D723VCC24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS24VSS2526262728292924VSS242526 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
<ul> <li>When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.</li> <li>15 D0</li> <li>16 D1</li> <li>17 D2</li> <li>18 D3</li> <li>When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input:</li> <li>19 D4</li> <li>SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC.</li> <li>20 D5</li> <li>21 D6</li> <li>22 D7</li> <li>23 VCC</li> <li>Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.</li> </ul>	13	W/R#	When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is
16D1These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus.17D2Unused pins are recommended to tie LOW.18D3When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input:19D4SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC.20D5When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as21D6SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.22D72323VCCPower supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	14	RD#	<ul> <li>When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable</li> <li>(E) signal.</li> <li>Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected.</li> <li>When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected.</li> </ul>
17D2Unused pine are of an extended and base connecting to the mode data base.18D3When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input:19D4SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be kept NC.20D5When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as21D6SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.22D723VCCPower supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
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21D6SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.22D723VCCPower supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
22       D7         23       VCC         Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			
23 VCC Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.			SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.
voltage supply pin. It is supplied by external high voltage source.	22	D7	
24 VSS Ground pin.	23	VCC	
	24	VSS	Ground pin.

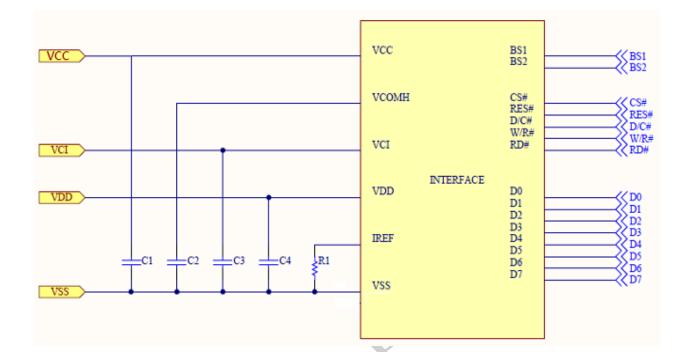




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### 4.1 Application recommendations



Recommended components:

C1, C2: 4.7uF/25V/0805

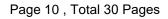
C3, C4 : 1.0uF/16V/0603

Bus Interface selection: (Must be set the BS[2:1], refer to item 3) 8-bits 6800 and 8080 parallel, 4-wire SPI, I2C

Voltage at IREF  $\approx$  VCC - 3V. For VCC = 14.5V, IREF = 10uA: R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF = (14.5 - 3)V / 10uA  $\geq$  1.15M $\Omega^{(2)}$ 

Note:

- (1). The capacitor value is recommended value. Select appropriate value against module application.
- (2). Minimum value. When OLED product application, then R1 must be greater than the calculated value.





### **5.Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4.0	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	19.0	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.



## **6.Electrical Characteristics**

### **6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics**

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Low voltage power supply, power supply for I/O pins	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	14	14.5	15	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.4		2.6	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×VCI		VCI	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	0		0.2×VCI	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×VCI		VCI	V
Low Level Output	VOL	-	0	_	0.1×VCI	V
50% Check Board operating	Current	VCC =14.5V	<b>Y</b> _	24	36	mA

Notes:

VCI must be larger than or equal to VDD Contrast setting: 0x9B, Brightness 390 cd/m<sup>2</sup> (Typ.) Contrast setting: 0x3B, Brightness 190 cd/m<sup>2</sup> (Typ.) Contrast setting: 0x2F, Brightness 170 cd/m<sup>2</sup> (Typ.) Contrast setting: 0x1F, Brightness 150 cd/m<sup>2</sup> (Typ.).



void Initial\_ic(void){

write\_command(0xAE);

//Set Display Off

//Set Column Address

//Start Column Address

//End Column Address

//Set Row Address

//Start Row Address

//End Row Address

//Contrast Level

//Default Setting

//Set Re-map

//Set Contrast Control

write\_command(0x15); write\_command(0x00); write\_command(0x3F);

write\_command(0x75); write\_command(0x00); write\_command(0x7F);

write\_command(0x81);
write\_command(0x1F);

write\_command(0xA0);
write\_command(0x51);

write\_command(0xA1);
write\_command(0x00);

write\_command(0xA2); write\_command(0x00);

//Set Display Offset

//Set Display Start Line

write\_command(0xA4);

//Set Display Mode

//Set Multiplex Ratio

//Set Phase Length

//Set Function Selection A

//Multiplex

write\_command(0xA8); write\_command(0x7F);

write\_command(0xAB);
write\_command(0x01);

write\_command(0xB1);
write command(0xF1);

write\_command(0xB3); write\_command(0x00);

write\_command(0xBC); write command(0x07);

write command(0xBE);

//Set Display Clock Divide Ratio/Oscillator Frequency

//Set Pre-change Voltage

//Set VCOMH Voltage

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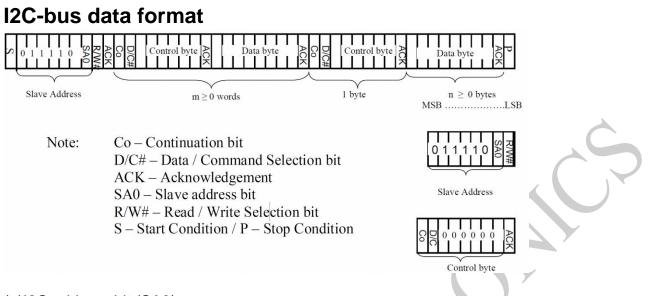


}

```
write_command(0x07);
write_command(0xB6); //Set Second Pre-charge period
write_command(0x0F); //Set Function selection B
write_command(0x62); //Set Function selection B
```

Note: Initial code is for reference only. Please make the best adjustment with the OLED module.





(a)I2C address bit (SA0)

The slave address is following the start condition for recognition use. The slave address is either "b0111100" or "b0111101" by changing the SA0 to LOW or HIGH (D/C pin acts as SA0).

(b)"R/W#" bit is used to determine the operation mode of the I2C-bus interface. R/W#=1, it is in read mode. R/W#=0, it is in write mode.

(c)After the transmission of the slave address, either the control byte or the data byte may be sent across the SDA. A control byte mainly consists of Co and D/C# bits following by six "0"s.

- a. If the Co bit is set as logic "0", the transmission of the following information will contain data bytes only.
- b. The D/C# bit determines the next data byte is acted as a command or a data. If the D/C# bit is set to logic "0", it defines the following data byte as a command. If the D/C# bit is set to logic "1", it defines the following data byte as a data which will be stored at the GDDRAM. The GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each data write.

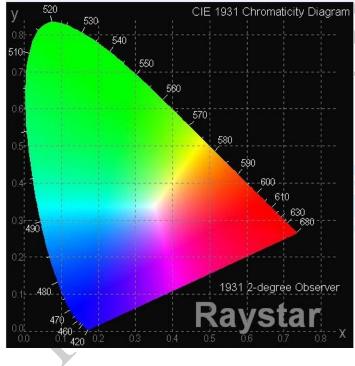




## **7.Optical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	—	160		-	deg
view / trigie	(Н)ф	—	160	_	Max 	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	10,000:1		( - )	<b>-</b>
Response Time	T rise	—	_	10		μs
	T fall	—		10	-	μs
Display with 50% check	erboard Brightne	ess <sup>(1)</sup>	100	150	—	cd/m2
CIEx(Yellow)	x,y(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	—	
CIEy(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	—

Note1: The brightness value is based on the setting of VCC(VPP) equal to the Typical value.





### 8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% checkerboard brightness 100cd/m²	30,000 Hrs	-	Note

Note:

- 1. Lifetime is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the minimal brightness.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.
- 4. Lifetime is not guaranteed one but expected lifetime in normal condition.



## 9.Reliability

#### Content of Reliability Test

Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	- (
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	-
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles	
Mechanical Tes	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	_

\*\*\* Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C



#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the functional test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels on/off exchange is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle.
- 4. No Condensation.

#### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within  $\pm$  50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

#### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



## **10.Inspection specification**

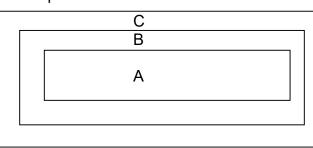
#### **Inspection Standard:**

MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

#### Definition

1 Major defect : The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

2 Minor defect : The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc. Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

- Zone C: Outside Viewing Area
- Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer`s product.

#### **Inspection Methods**

- 1 The general inspection : Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.
- 2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection : By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
01	Electrical Testing	<ol> <li>1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.</li> <li>1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.</li> <li>1.3 Display malfunction.</li> <li>1.4 No function or no display.</li> <li>1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications.</li> <li>1.6 OLED viewing angle defect.</li> <li>1.7 Mixed product types.</li> <li>1.8 Contrast defect.</li> </ol>	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	<ul> <li>2.1 White and black spots on display ≦0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.</li> <li>2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.</li> </ul>	2.5



NO	Item		Criteric	n			AQL				
	OLED black spots, white spots, contamin ation (non- display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi=(x + y) / 2$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } SIZE \\ \hline \Phi \leq 0.10 \\ \hline 0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20 \\ \hline 0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25 \\ \hline 0.25 < \Phi \end{tabular}$		Acceptable QTY ignore 2 1 0	Zone A+ B A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5				
03		3.2 Line type : (As	h Width	)	Acceptable Q TY	Zone	2.5				
		 L≦3.0 L≦2.0			ignore 2 As round type	A+B A+B A+B					
					50;						
04	Polarizer bubbles /Dent	<ul> <li>4.1 If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.</li> <li>4.2 The polarizer d</li> </ul>	Size $\Phi$ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY           ent follows this spece						cceptable Q TY ignore 3 2 0 3 ication.	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED	) black spots, whi	te sp	oots, contaminati	on.					



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length k: Seal widthy: Chip width t: Glass thickness 	2.5
06		6.1.2 Corner crack: $x$ $y$ $x$ $y$ $z$ : Chip thickness $y$ : Chip width $z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing area $x \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing area $1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed $1/3k$ $x \le 1/8a$ $\odot$ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	2.5
	Glass crack	Symbols : x: Chip length k: Seal widthy: Chip width t: Glass thickness 	2.5
			10



NO	Item	Criterion	
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:         y         x         y         x         y         x         y         y         x         y	2.5
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	
08	Backlight elements	<ul> <li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li> <li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> </ul>	
09	Bezel	<ul> <li>9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.</li> <li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li> </ul>	

0



10         PCB , COB         10.1 COB seal surface may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.         2.5           10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.         2.5           10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.         0.65           10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.         2.5           10         PCB , COB         10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.         2.5           10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the product characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.         0.65           10.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.         2.5           11 No un-melted solder points, missing solder connections, oxidation or cicle.         2.5           11 No un-melted solder points, missing solder connections, oxidation or cicle.         2.5           11 No varied points, missing solder connections, oxidation or cicle.         2.5           12 General appearance         12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.         0.65           12 No codid solder points, missing solder connections, oxidation or cicle.         2.5         2.5           13 No residue or solder bails on PCB.         2.5         2.5           14 No sohori cicults in components on PCB.         0.65	NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
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			Page 24 , Total 30 Pages	



No Display     Major       Missing Line     Major       Pixel Short     Major       Dark Pixel     Major       Wrong Display     Major       Un-uniform Ax x 100% < 70%     Major	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Pixel Short Major   Dark Pixel Major   Wrong Display Major	No Display	Major	
Dark Pixel Major   Wrong Display Major	Missing Line	Major	
Wrong Display Major	Pixel Short	Major	
Un-uniform /A x 100% < 70% Major	Dark Pixel	Major	
/A x 100% < 70% Major	Wrong Display	Major	
	Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	B Dark Pixel



## **11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules**

### Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Raystar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Raystar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.
- (11) For COG & COF structure OLED products, customers should reserve VCC (VPP) adjustment function or software update function when designing OLED supporting circuit. (The progress of OLED light-emitting materials will increase the conversion efficiency and the brightness. The brightness can be adjusted if necessary)..

#### 11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.

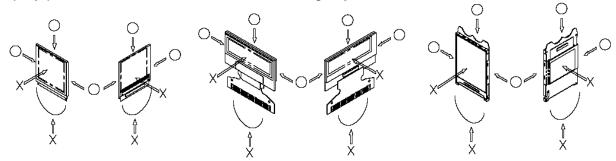
\* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy. Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.



- \* Pins and electrodes
- \* Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
  - \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
  - \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
  - \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.

\* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

#### 11.2. Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, place in the temperature 25±5°C and Humidity below 65% RH.(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

#### 11.3. Designing Precautions

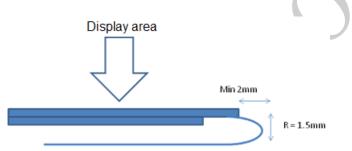
- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.



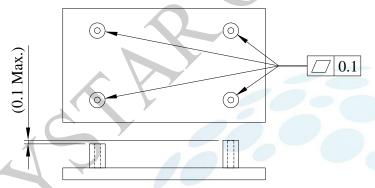
(6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.

\* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor elements may change their characteristics.
- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



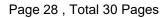
(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



(13) Please heat up a little the tape sticking on the components when removing it; otherwise the components might be damaged.

#### 11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.





		Page: 1		
Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet				
Module Number :				
1 · <u>Panel Specification</u> :				
1. Panel Type ∶	Pass	□NG ,		
2. Numbers of Pixel :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
3. View Area∶	Pass	□NG ,		
4. Active Area ∶	Pass	□NG ,		
5.Emitting Color :	Pass	□NG ,		
6.Uniformity :	□Pass	□NG ,		
7.Operating	Pass	□NG ,		
Temperature :				
8.Storage	Pass	□NG ,		
Temperature :				
9.Others :				
2 · Mechanical Specificat				
1. PCB Size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Frame Size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
3.Materal of Frame :	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Connector Position :	□Pass	□NG ,		
5.Fix Hole Position :	□Pass	□NG ,		
6. Thickness of PCB :	□Pass	□NG ,		
7. Height of Frame to	□Pass	□NG ,		
PCB :				
8.Height of Module :	□Pass	□NG ,		
9.Others :	□Pass	□NG ,		
3 · <u>Relative Hole Size</u> :				
1.Pitch of Connector :	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Hole size of	□Pass	□NG ,		
Connector :				
3.Mounting Hole size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Mounting Hole Type :	□Pass	□NG ,		
5.Others :	□Pass	□NG ,		
L	·	Go to page 2 < <		



Module Number :		Page:
4 · <u>Electronic Characterist</u>	tics of Mod	
1.Input Voltage :	□Pass	□NG ,
2.Supply Current :	□Pass	□NG ,
3.Driving Voltage for		□NG ,
OLED :		
4.Contrast for OLED :	□Pass	□NG ,
5.Negative Voltage	□Pass	□NG ,
Output:		
6.Interface Function :	□Pass	□NG ,
7.ESD test :	□Pass	□NG ,
8.Others : 5	□Pass	□NG ,
	R	
Sales signature : _		
Sales signature:_ Customer Signatur	re :	Date : / /