

# N25S818HA

## 256 kb Low Power Serial SRAMs

### 32 k x 8 Bit Organization

#### Introduction

The ON Semiconductor serial SRAM family includes several integrated memory devices including this 256 kb serially accessed Static Random Access Memory, internally organized as 32 k words by 8 bits. The devices are designed and fabricated using ON Semiconductor's advanced CMOS technology to provide both high-speed performance and low power. The devices operate with a single chip select ( $\overline{CS}$ ) input and use a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) serial bus. A single data in and data out line is used along with a clock to access data within the devices. The N25S818HA devices include a  $\overline{HOLD}$  pin that allows communication to the device to be paused. While paused, input transitions will be ignored. The devices can operate over a wide temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  and can be available in several standard package offerings.

#### Features

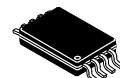
- **Power Supply Range:** 1.7 to 1.95 V
- **Very Low Standby Current:** Typical  $I_{sb}$  as low as 200 nA
- **Very Low Operating Current:** As low as 3 mA
- **Simple Memory Control:**
  - Single chip select ( $\overline{CS}$ )
  - Serial input (SI) and serial output (SO)
- **Flexible Operating Modes:**
  - Word read and write
  - Page mode (32 word page)
  - Burst mode (full array)
- **Organization:** 32 k x 8 bit
- **Self Timed Write Cycles**
- **Built-in Write Protection ( $\overline{CS}$  High)**
- **$\overline{HOLD}$  Pin for Pausing Communication**
- **High Reliability:** Unlimited write cycles
- Green SOIC and TSSOP
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant



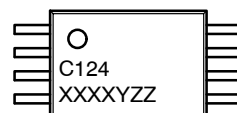
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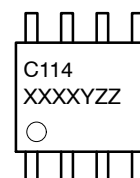
#### MARKING DIAGRAMS



TSSOP-8  
T SUFFIX  
CASE 948AL



SOIC-8  
S SUFFIX  
CASE 751BD



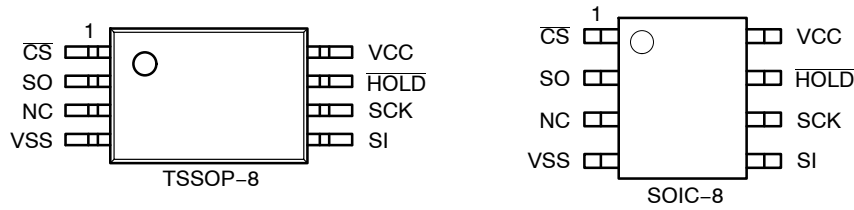
XXXX = Date Code  
Y = Assembly Code  
ZZ = Lot Traceability

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device         | Package              | Shipping†             |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| N25S818HAS21I  | SOIC-8<br>(Pb-Free)  | 100 Units / Tube      |
| N25S818HAT21I  | TSSOP-8<br>(Pb-Free) | 100 Units / Tube      |
| N25S818HAS21IT | SOIC-8<br>(Pb-Free)  | 3000 / Tape &<br>Reel |
| N25S818HAT21IT | TSSOP-8<br>(Pb-Free) | 3000 / Tape &<br>Reel |

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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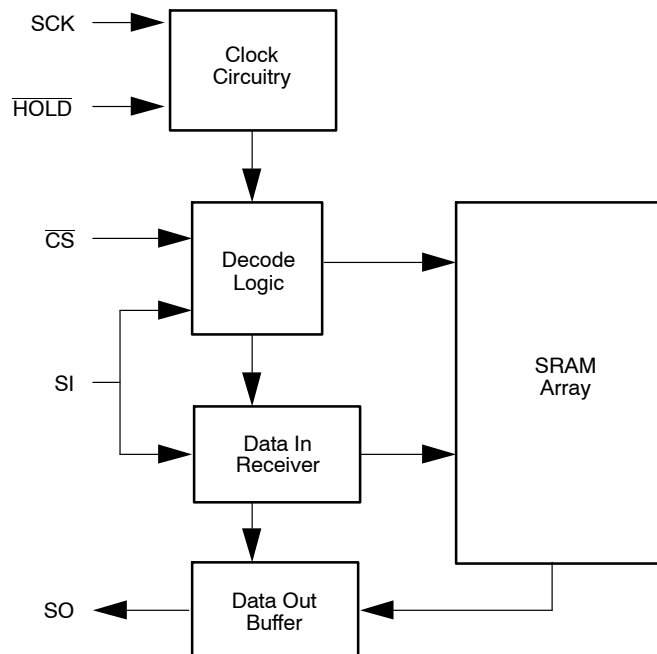
**Figure 1. Pin Connections**  
(Top View)

**Table 1. DEVICE OPTIONS**

| Part Number | Density | Power Supply (V) | Speed (MHz) | Package | Typical Standby Current | Read/Write Operating Current |
|-------------|---------|------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| N25S818HAS2 | 256 Kb  | 1.8              | 16          | SOIC    | 200 nA                  | 3 mA @ 1 Mhz                 |
| N25S818HAT2 |         |                  |             | TSSOP   |                         |                              |

**Table 2. PIN NAMES**

| Pin Name        | Pin Function       |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| $\overline{CS}$ | Chip Select Input  |
| SCK             | Serial Clock Input |
| SI              | Serial Data Input  |
| SO              | Serial Data Output |
| HOLD            | Hold Input         |
| NC              | No Connect         |
| $V_{CC}$        | Power              |
| $V_{SS}$        | Ground             |



**Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram**

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**Table 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Item                                            | Symbol       | Rating                         | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{SS}$         | $V_{IN,OUT}$ | $-0.3$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3$       | V    |
| Voltage on $V_{CC}$ Supply Relative to $V_{SS}$ | $V_{CC}$     | $-0.3$ to $4.5$                | V    |
| Power Dissipation                               | $P_D$        | 500                            | mW   |
| Storage Temperature                             | $T_{STG}$    | $-40$ to $125$                 | °C   |
| Operating Temperature                           | $T_A$        | $-40$ to $+85$                 | °C   |
| Soldering Temperature and Time                  | $T_{SOLDER}$ | $260^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 10 sec | °C   |

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

**Table 4. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over Specified Temperature Range)**

| Item                         | Symbol    | Test Conditions                                          | Min                 | Typ<br>(Note 1) | Max            | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|
| Supply Voltage               | $V_{CC}$  | 1.8 V Device                                             | 1.7                 |                 | 1.95           | V    |
| Input High Voltage           | $V_{IH}$  |                                                          | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ |                 | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Input Low Voltage            | $V_{IL}$  |                                                          | $-0.3$              |                 | 0.8            | V    |
| Output High Voltage          | $V_{OH}$  | $I_{OH} = -0.4$ mA                                       | $V_{CC} - 0.5$      |                 |                | V    |
| Output Low Voltage           | $V_{OL}$  | $I_{OL} = 1$ mA                                          |                     |                 | 0.2            | V    |
| Input Leakage Current        | $I_{LI}$  | $\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IN} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$      |                     |                 | 0.5            | μA   |
| Output Leakage Current       | $I_{LO}$  | $\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$     |                     |                 | 0.5            | μA   |
| Read/Write Operating Current | $I_{CC1}$ | $F = 1$ MHz, $I_{OUT} = 0$                               |                     |                 | 3              | mA   |
|                              | $I_{CC2}$ | $F = 10$ MHz, $I_{OUT} = 0$                              |                     |                 | 6              | mA   |
|                              | $I_{CC3}$ | $F = f_{CLK MAX}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$                        |                     |                 | 10             | mA   |
| Standby Current              | $I_{SB}$  | $\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ or $V_{CC}$ |                     | 200             | 500            | nA   |

1. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC Typ.}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and are not 100% tested.

**Table 5. CAPACITANCE** (Note 2)

| Item              | Symbol    | Test Condition                                          | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Input Capacitance | $C_{IN}$  | $V_{IN} = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ |     | 7   | pF   |
| I/O Capacitance   | $C_{I/O}$ | $V_{IN} = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ |     | 7   | pF   |

2. These parameters are verified in device characterization and are not 100% tested

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**Table 6. TIMING TEST CONDITIONS**

| Item                                     |                                            |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Input Pulse Level                        | 0.1 V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.9 V <sub>CC</sub> |
| Input Rise and Fall Time                 | 5 ns                                       |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Levels | 0.5 V <sub>CC</sub>                        |
| Output Load                              | CL = 100 pF                                |
| Operating Temperature                    | –40 to +85°C                               |

**Table 7. TIMING**

| Item                                          | Symbol           | Min | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Clock Frequency                               | f <sub>CLK</sub> |     | 16  | MHz   |
| Clock Rise Time                               | t <sub>R</sub>   |     | 2   | μs    |
| Clock Fall Time                               | t <sub>F</sub>   |     | 2   | μs    |
| Clock High Time                               | t <sub>HI</sub>  | 32  |     | ns    |
| Clock Low Time                                | t <sub>LO</sub>  | 32  |     | ns    |
| Clock Delay Time                              | t <sub>CLD</sub> | 32  |     | ns    |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Setup Time             | t <sub>CSS</sub> | 32  |     | ns    |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time              | t <sub>CSH</sub> | 50  |     | ns    |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Disable Time           | t <sub>CSD</sub> | 32  |     | ns    |
| SCK to $\overline{\text{CS}}$                 | t <sub>SCS</sub> | 5   |     | ns    |
| Data Setup Time                               | t <sub>SU</sub>  | 10  |     | ns    |
| Data Hold Time                                | t <sub>HD</sub>  | 10  |     | ns    |
| Output Valid From Clock Low                   | t <sub>V</sub>   |     | 32  | ns    |
| Output Hold Time                              | t <sub>HO</sub>  | 0   |     | ns    |
| Output Disable Time                           | t <sub>DIS</sub> |     | 20  | ns    |
| HOLD Setup Time                               | t <sub>HS</sub>  | 10  |     | ns    |
| HOLD Hold Time                                | t <sub>HH</sub>  | 10  |     | ns    |
| HOLD Low to Output High–Z                     | t <sub>HZ</sub>  | 10  |     | ns    |
| $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ High to Output Valid | t <sub>HV</sub>  |     | 50  | ns    |

# N25S818HA

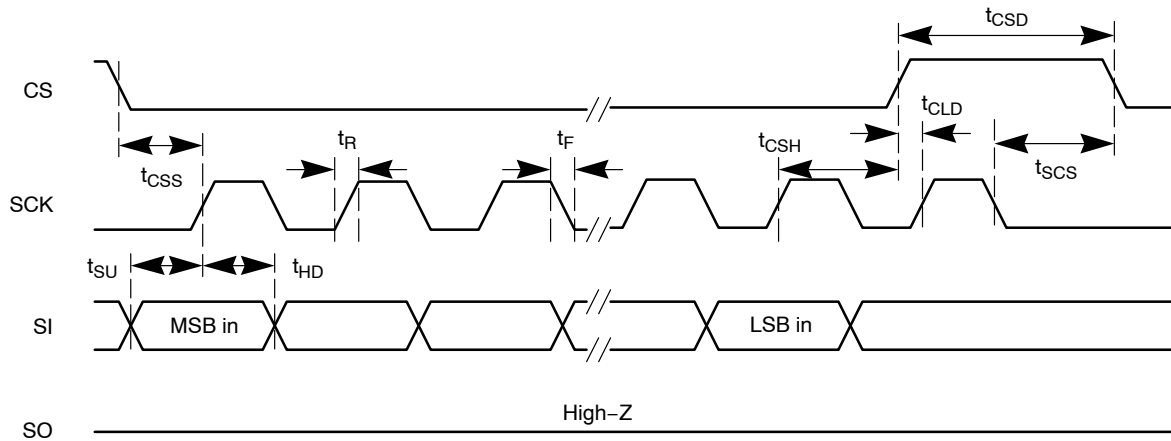


Figure 3. Serial Input Timing

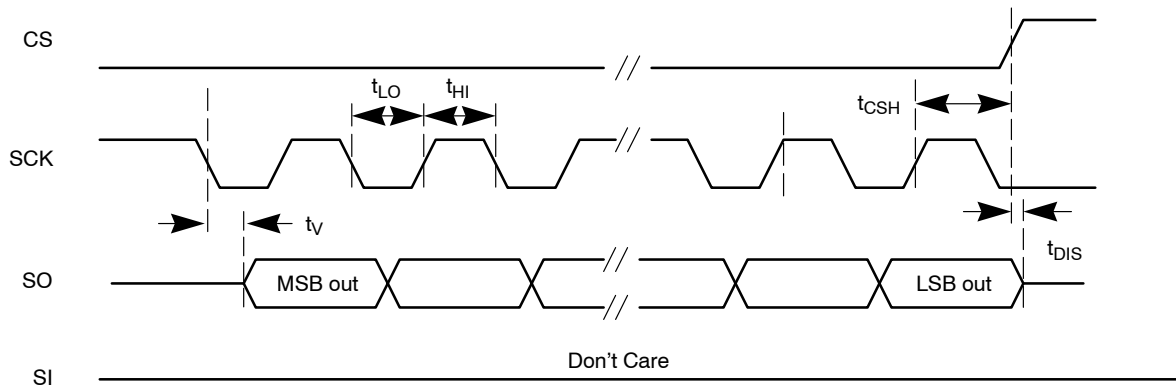


Figure 4. Serial Output Timing

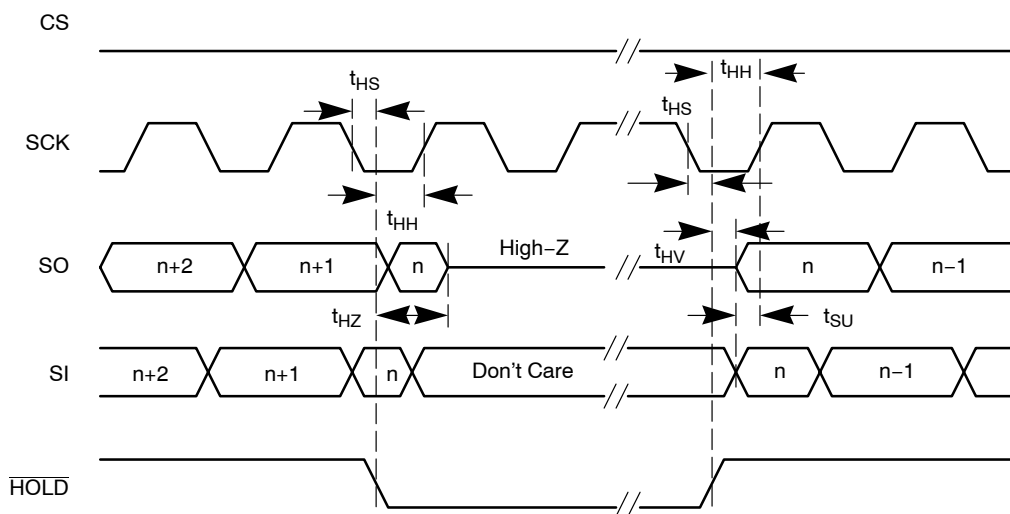


Figure 5. Hold Timing

**Table 8. CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS**

| Signal          | Name            | I/O | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $\overline{CS}$ | Chip Select     | I   | A low level selects the device and a high level puts the device in standby mode. If $\overline{CS}$ is brought high during a program cycle, the cycle will complete and then the device will enter standby mode. When $\overline{CS}$ is high, SO is in high-Z. $\overline{CS}$ must be driven low after power-up prior to any sequence being started.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| SCK             | Serial Clock    | I   | Synchronizes all activities between the memory and controller. All incoming addresses, data and instructions are latched on the rising edge of SCK. Data out is updated on SO after the falling edge of SCK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| SI              | Serial Data In  | I   | Receives instructions, addresses and data on the rising edge of SCK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| SO              | Serial Data Out | O   | Data is transferred out after the falling edge of SCK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| HOLD            | Hold            | I   | A high level is required for normal operation. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is started, this input may be taken low to pause serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The pin must be brought low while SCK is low for immediate use. If SCK is not low, the Hold function will not be invoked until the next SCK high to low transition. The device must remain selected during this sequence. SO is high-Z during the Hold time and SI and SCK are inputs are ignored. To resume operations, HOLD must be pulled high while the SCK pin is low. Lowering the HOLD input at any time will take to SO output to High-Z. |

## Functional Operation

### Basic Operation

The 256 Kb serial SRAM is designed to interface directly with a standard Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) common on many standard micro-controllers. It may also interface with other non-SPI ports by programming discrete I/O lines to operate the device.

The serial SRAM contains an 8-bit instruction register and is accessed via the SI pin. The  $\overline{CS}$  pin must be low and the HOLD pin must be high for the entire operation. Data is

sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after  $\overline{CS}$  goes low. If the clock line is shared, the user can assert the HOLD input and place the device into a Hold mode. After releasing the HOLD pin, the operation will resume from the point where it was held.

The following table contains the possible instructions and formats. All instructions, addresses and data are transferred MSB first and LSB last.

**Table 9. INSTRUCTION SET**

| Instruction | Instruction Format | Description                                        |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| READ        | 0000 0011          | Read data from memory starting at selected address |
| WRITE       | 0000 0010          | Write data to memory starting at selected address  |
| RDSR        | 0000 0101          | Read status register                               |
| WRSR        | 0000 0001          | Write status register                              |

### READ Operations

The serial SRAM READ is selected by enabling  $\overline{CS}$  low. First, the 8-bit READ instruction is transmitted to the device followed by the 16-bit address with the MSB being a don't care. After the READ instruction and addresses are sent, the data stored at that address in memory is shifted out on the SO pin after the output valid time from the clock edge.

If operating in page mode, after the initial word of data is shifted out, the data stored at the next memory location on the page can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address on the page after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire page length of 32 words long. At the end of the page, the

addresses pointer will be wrapped to the 0 word address within the page and the operation can be continuously looped over the 32 words of the same page.

If operating in burst mode, after the initial word of data is shifted out, the data stored at the next memory location can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire array and when the highest address is reached (7FFFh), the address counter wraps to the address 0000h. This allows the burst read cycle to be continued indefinitely.

All READ operations are terminated by pulling  $\overline{CS}$  high.

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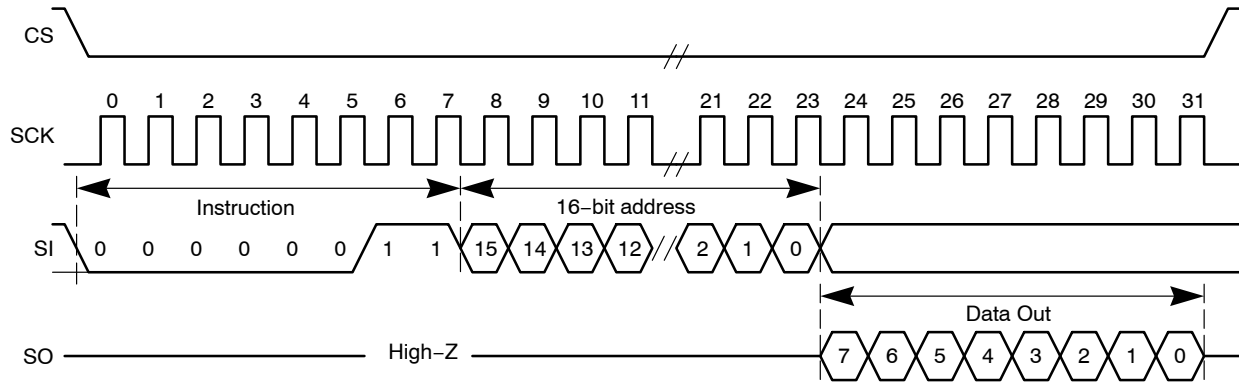


Figure 6. Word READ Sequence

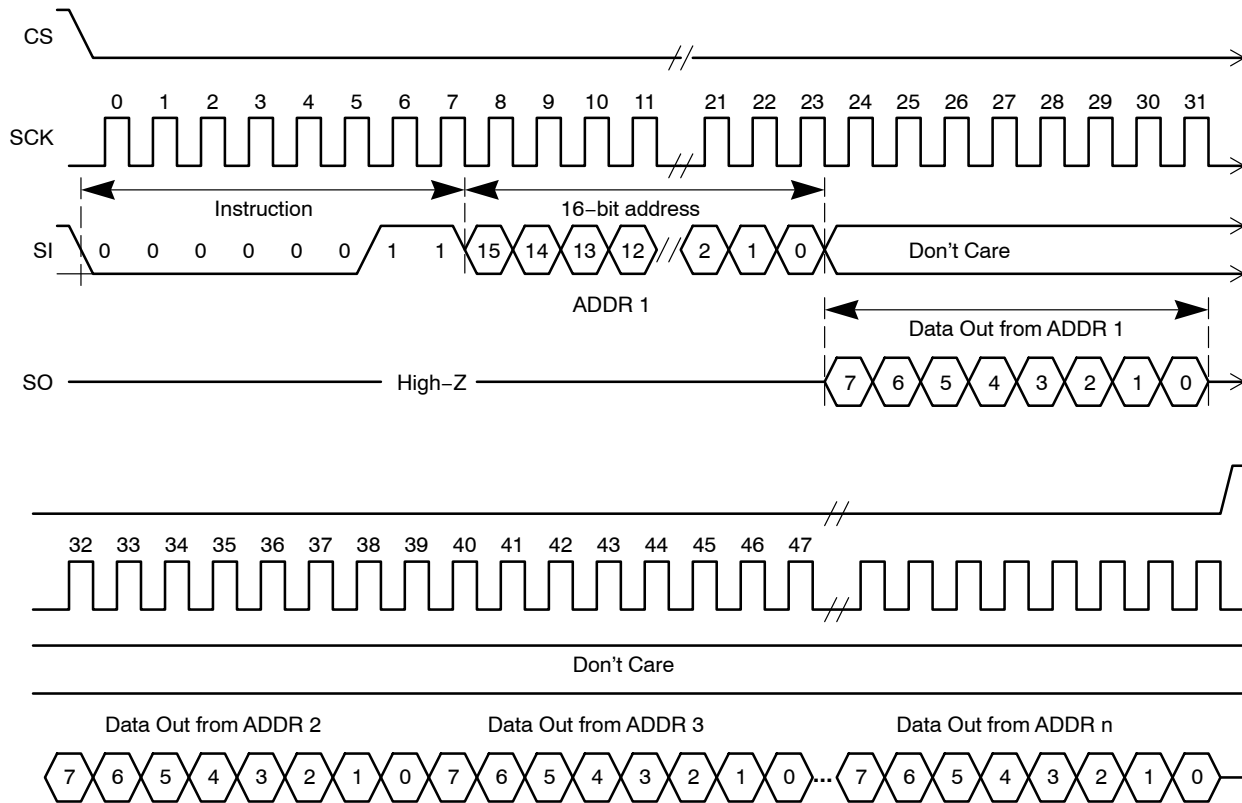


Figure 7. Page and Burst READ Sequence

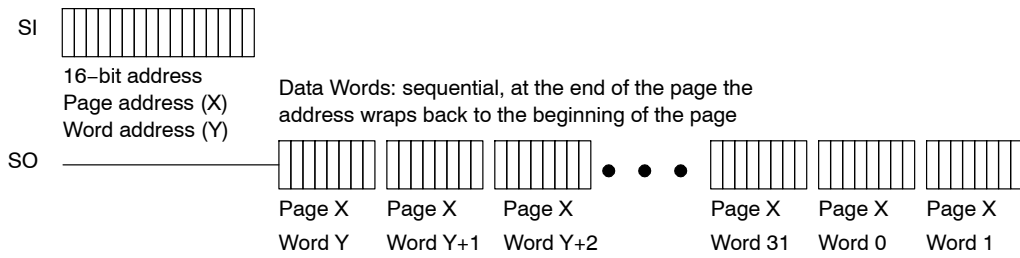


Figure 8. Page READ Sequence

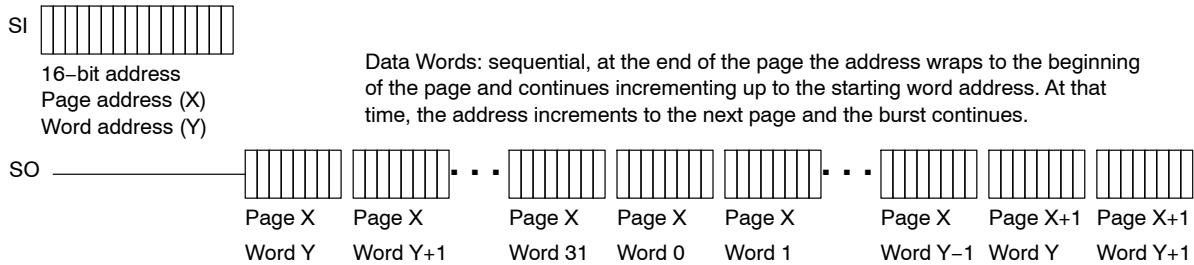


Figure 9. Burst READ Sequence

### WRITE Operations

The serial SRAM WRITE is selected by enabling  $\overline{CS}$  low. First, the 8-bit WRITE instruction is transmitted to the device followed by the 16-bit address with the MSB being a don't care. After the WRITE instruction and addresses are sent, the data to be stored in memory is shifted in on the SI pin.

If operating in page mode, after the initial word of data is shifted in, additional data words can be written as long as the address requested is sequential on the same page. Simply write the data on SI pin and continue to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address on the page after each word of data is written in. This can be continued for the entire page length of 32 words long. At the end of the page, the addresses pointer will be wrapped to the 0 word address within the

page and the operation can be continuously looped over the 32 words of the same page. The new data will replace data already stored in the memory locations.

If operating in burst mode, after the initial word of data is shifted in, additional data words can be written to the next sequential memory locations by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire array and when the highest address is reached (7FFFh), the address counter wraps to the address 0000h. This allows the burst write cycle to be continued indefinitely. Again, the new data will replace data already stored in the memory locations.

All WRITE operations are terminated by pulling  $\overline{CS}$  high.

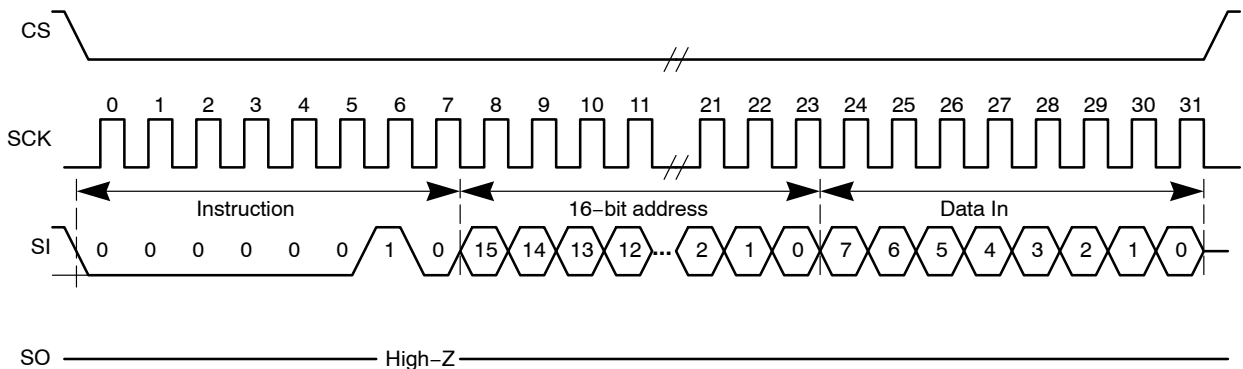
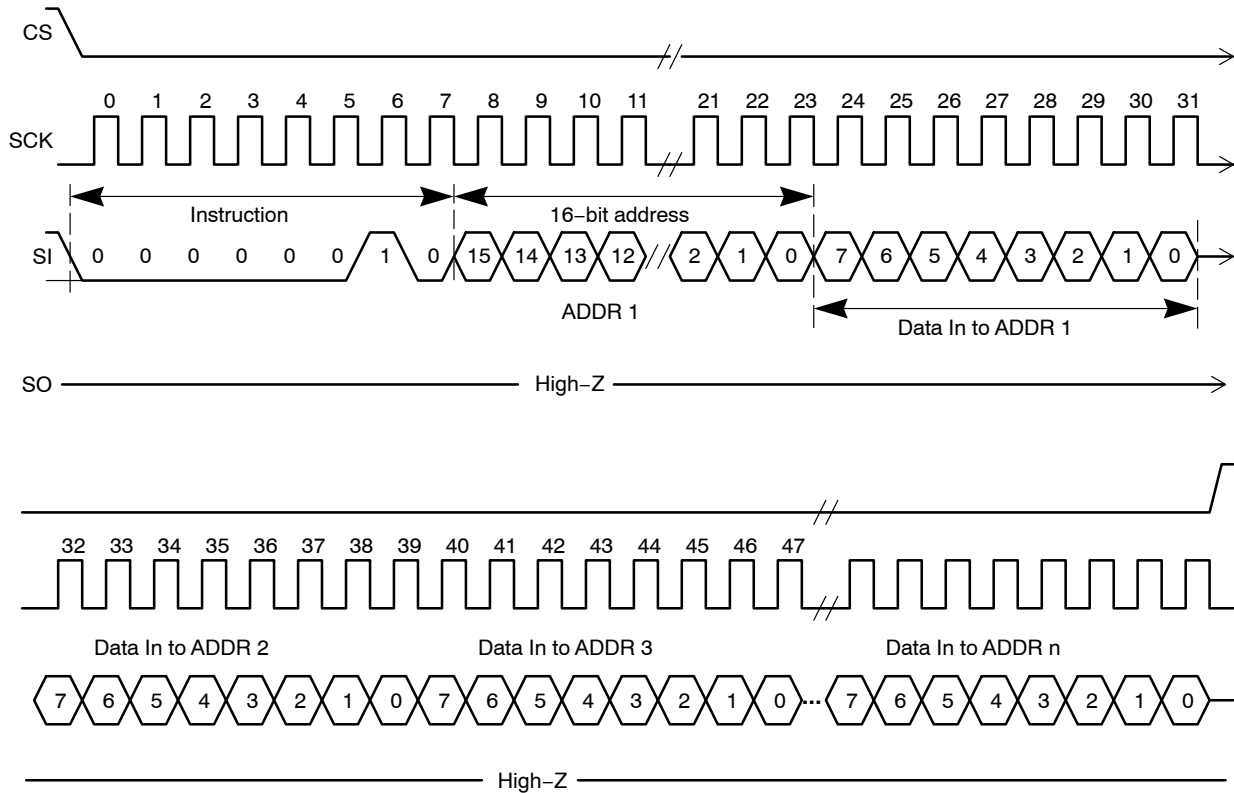
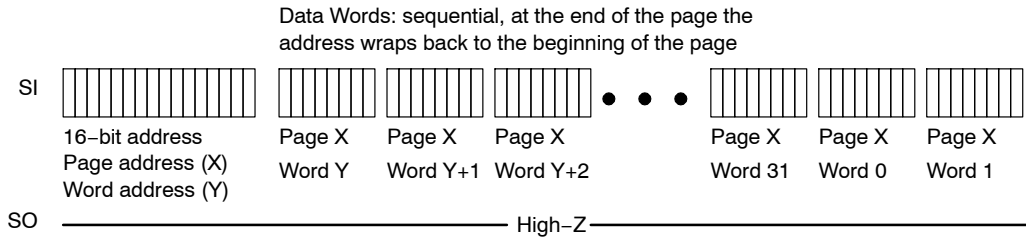


Figure 10. Word WRITE Sequence

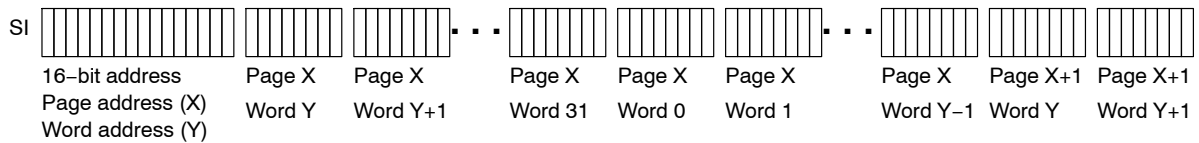
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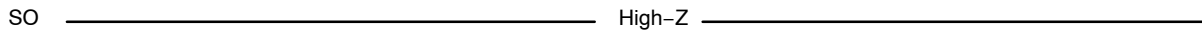
**Figure 11. Page and Burst WRITE Sequence**



**Figure 12. Page WRITE Sequence**



Data Words: sequential, at the end of the page the address wraps to the beginning of the page and continues incrementing up to the starting word address. At that time, the address increments to the next page and the burst continues.



**Figure 13. Burst WRITE Sequence**

### WRITE Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

This instruction provides the ability to write the status register and select among several operating modes. Several of the register bits must be set to a low '0' if any of the other

bits are written. The timing sequence to write to the status register is shown below, followed by the organization of the status register.

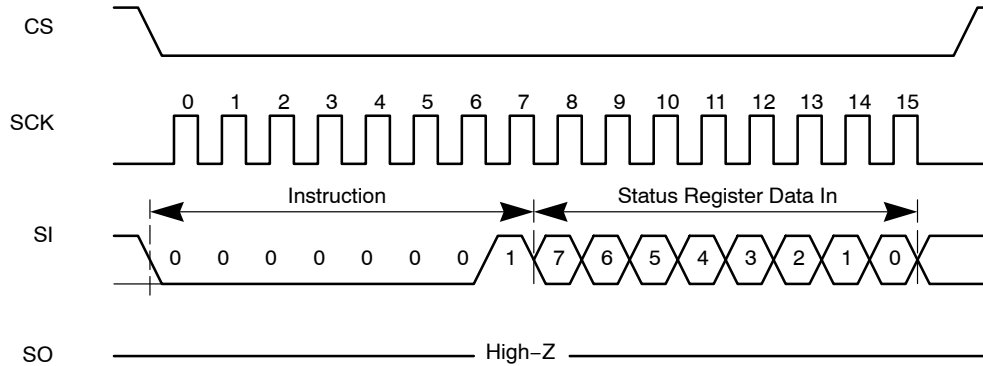


Figure 14. WRITE Status Register Sequence

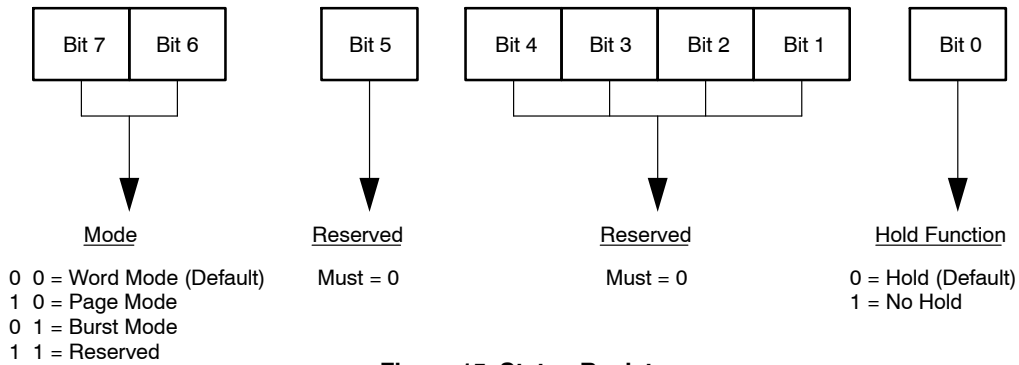


Figure 15. Status Register

### READ Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

This instruction provides the ability to read the Status register. The register may be read at any time by performing the following timing sequence.

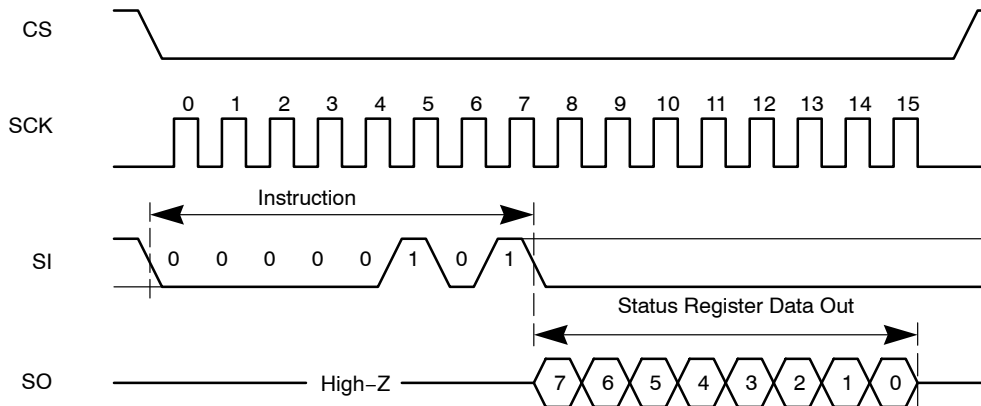


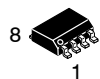
Figure 16. READ Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

### Power-Up State

The serial SRAM enters a known state at power-up time. The device is in low-power standby state with  $\overline{CS} = 1$ . A low level on  $\overline{CS}$  is required to enter an active state.

# MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

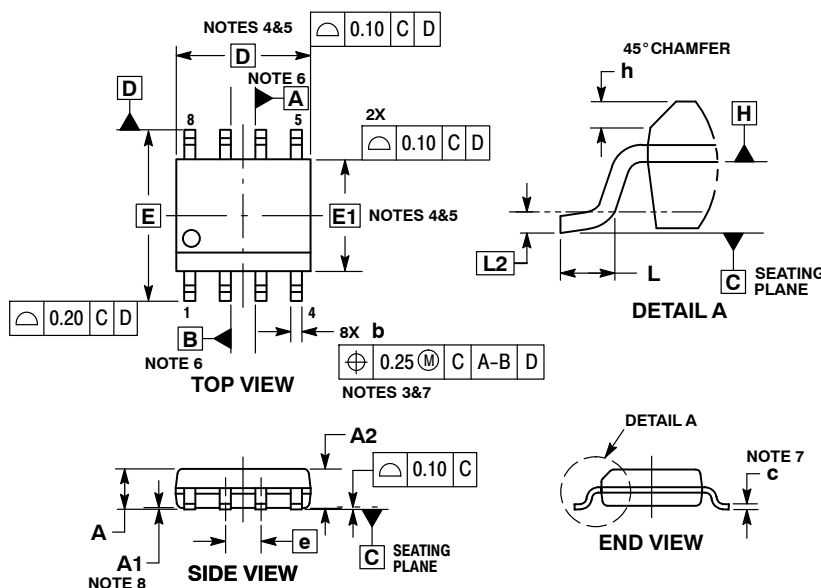
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SCALE 1:1

## SOIC-8 CASE 751AZ ISSUE B

DATE 18 MAY 2015

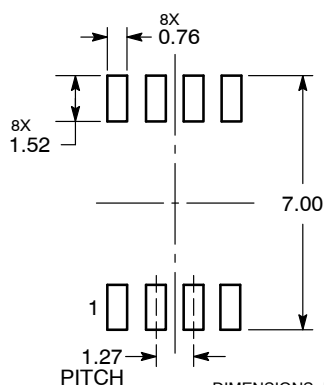


### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.004 mm IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 mm PER SIDE.
5. THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
6. DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
7. DIMENSIONS b AND c APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10 TO 0.25 FROM THE LEAD TIP.
8. A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.

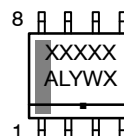
| DIM | MILLIMETERS |      |
|-----|-------------|------|
|     | MIN         | MAX  |
| A   | ---         | 1.75 |
| A1  | 0.10        | 0.25 |
| A2  | 1.25        | ---  |
| b   | 0.31        | 0.51 |
| c   | 0.10        | 0.25 |
| D   | 4.90 BSC    |      |
| E   | 6.00 BSC    |      |
| E1  | 3.90 BSC    |      |
| e   | 1.27 BSC    |      |
| h   | 0.25        | 0.41 |
| L   | 0.40        | 1.27 |
| L2  | 0.25 BSC    |      |

### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\*



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

### GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code  
A = Assembly Location  
L = Wafer Lot  
Y = Year  
W = Work Week  
▪ = Pb-Free Package

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G", may or not be present.

|                  |             |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| DESCRIPTION:     | SOIC-8      | PAGE 1 OF 1                                                                                                                                                                      |

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# MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

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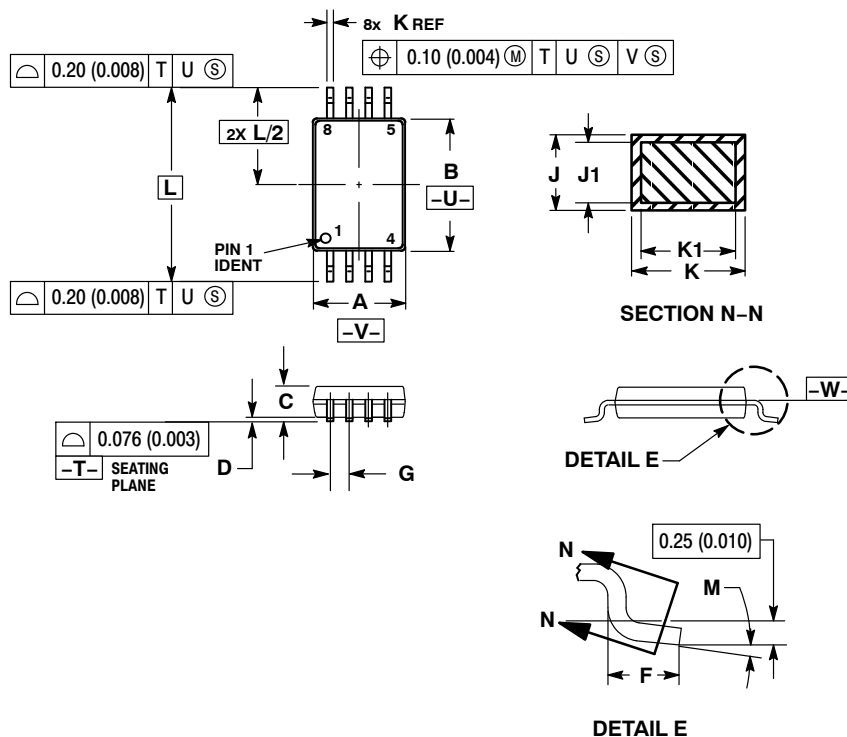
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SCALE 2:1

TSSOP-8  
CASE 948S-01  
ISSUE C

DATE 20 JUN 2008

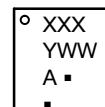


## NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
5. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
6. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |      | INCHES    |       |
|-----|-------------|------|-----------|-------|
|     | MIN         | MAX  | MIN       | MAX   |
| A   | 2.90        | 3.10 | 0.114     | 0.122 |
| B   | 4.30        | 4.50 | 0.169     | 0.177 |
| C   | ---         | 1.10 | ---       | 0.043 |
| D   | 0.05        | 0.15 | 0.002     | 0.006 |
| F   | 0.50        | 0.70 | 0.020     | 0.028 |
| G   | 0.65 BSC    |      | 0.026 BSC |       |
| J   | 0.09        | 0.20 | 0.004     | 0.008 |
| J1  | 0.09        | 0.16 | 0.004     | 0.006 |
| K   | 0.19        | 0.30 | 0.007     | 0.012 |
| K1  | 0.19        | 0.25 | 0.007     | 0.010 |
| L   | 6.40 BSC    |      | 0.252 BSC |       |
| M   | 0°          | 8°   | 0°        | 8°    |

## GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\*



XXX = Specific Device Code  
 A = Assembly Location  
 Y = Year  
 WW = Work Week  
 ■ = Pb-Free Package

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present.

|                  |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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| DESCRIPTION:     | TSSOP-8                   | PAGE 1 OF 2                                                                                                                                                                      |

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