

Driver LC 24W 500-600mA flexC R ADV2

advanced round series

Product description

- Fixed output built-in LED Driver
- Constant current LED Driver
- For luminaires of protection class I and II
- Adjustable output current 500 or 600 mA
- Up to 90 % efficiency
- For ambient temperatures up to 60 °C
- Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h (at ta 50 °C)
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)



Housing properties

- Casing: polycarbonat, white
- Type of protection IP20

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection

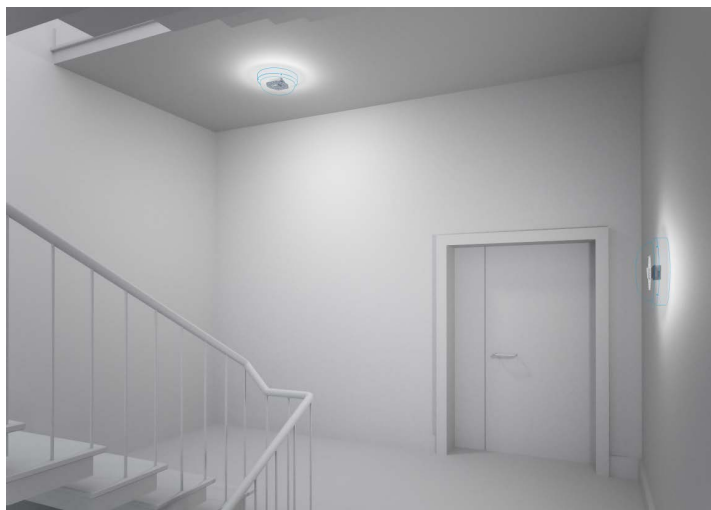
Typical applications

- For spot light, track light and wall light in retail and hospitality application



Standards, page 3

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page 3



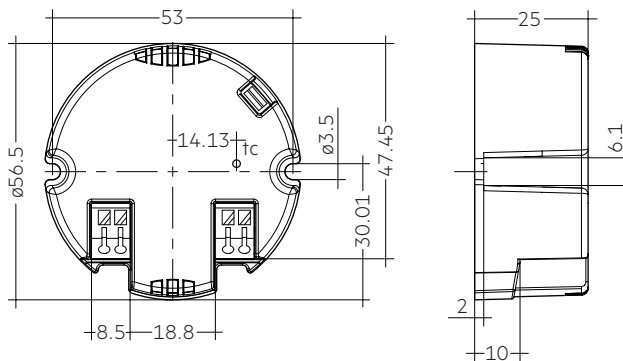
IP20 SELV 

Driver 24W 500-600mA flexC R ADV2

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Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) ^①	90 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	0.95
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 15 %
Output current tolerance ^②	± 7.5 %
Max. output current peak	614 mA
Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	50 V
Typ. output LF current ripple at full load	± 5 %
Output P_{ST}^{LM} (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature t_a (at lifetime 50,000 h)	50 °C
Storage temperature t_s	-20 ... +60 °C
Mains burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	56 x 56 x 25 mm



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, pallet	Weight per pc.
LC 24/500-600/40 flexC R ADV2	28003211	200 pc(s).	4,800 pc(s).	0.078 kg

Specific technical data

Type	Output current ^②	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. casing temperature t_c	Ambient temperature t_a	I-out select
LC 24/500-600/40 flexC R ADV2	500 mA	24 V	40 V	20 W	24 W	110 mA	90 °C	-20 ... +60 °C	open
	600 mA	24 V	40 V	24 W	28 W	130 mA	90 °C	-20 ... +60 °C	short-circuit

^① Test result at 600 mA.

^② Output current is mean value.

1. Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 61547
EN 62384

1.1 Glow-wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime			
Type	ta	50 °C	60 °C
LC 24/500-600/40 flexC R ADV2	tc	80 °C ^①	90 °C ^①
	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h

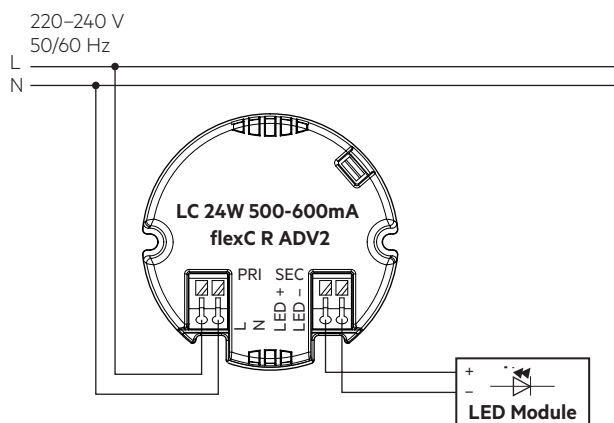
^① Test result at max. output voltage.

The LED Drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

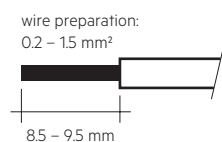
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



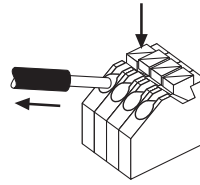
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid with a cross section of 0.2–1.5 mm². Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only.



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the “push button” and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

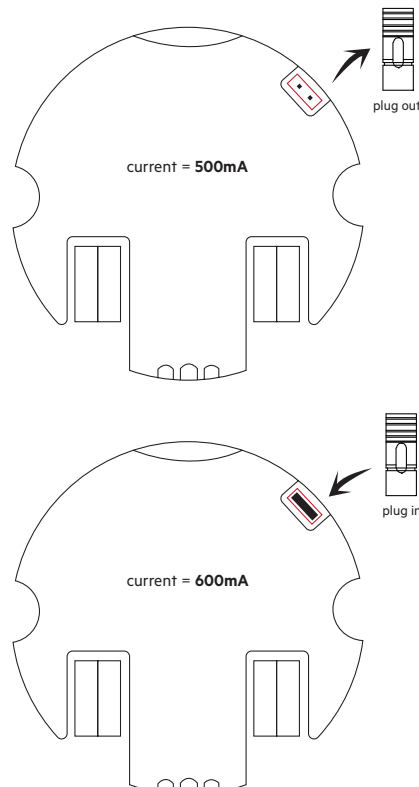
- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- The secondary wires (LED module) should be routed in parallel to ensure good EMC performance.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Replace LED module

1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 20 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

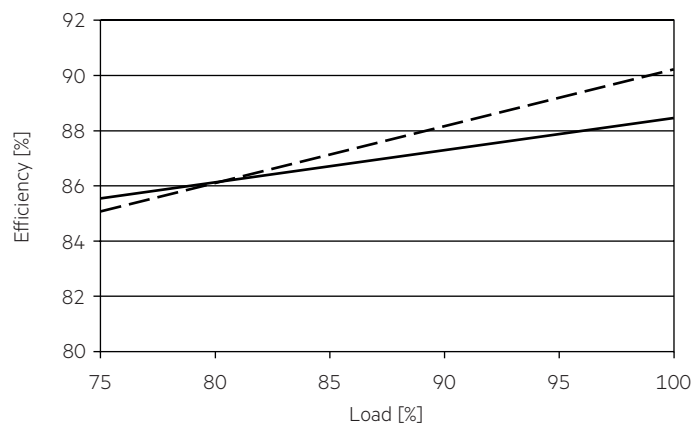
3.6 Current setting



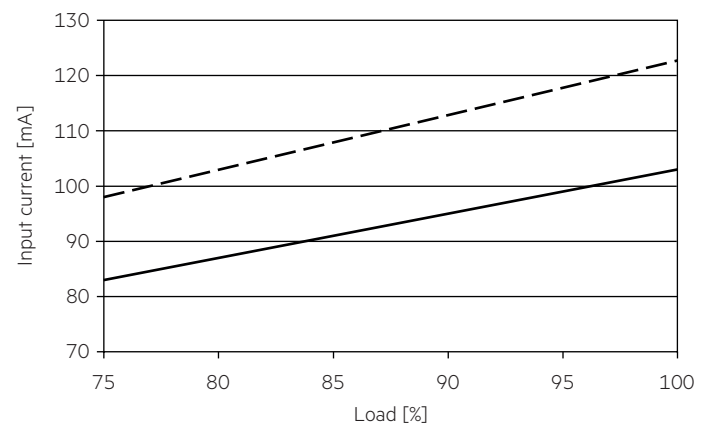
4. Electrical values

4.1 Diagrams

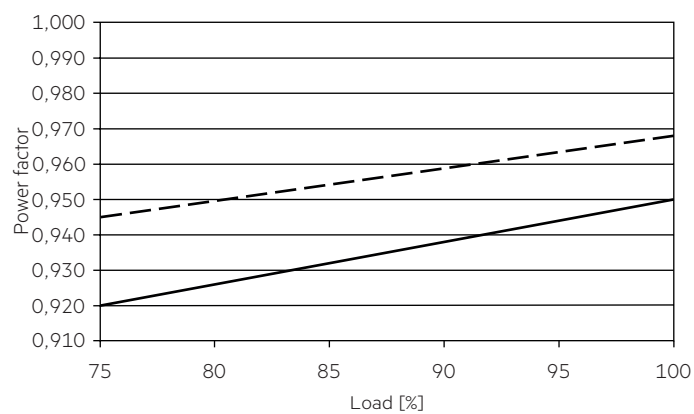
4.1.1 Efficiency vs load



4.1.4 Input current vs load

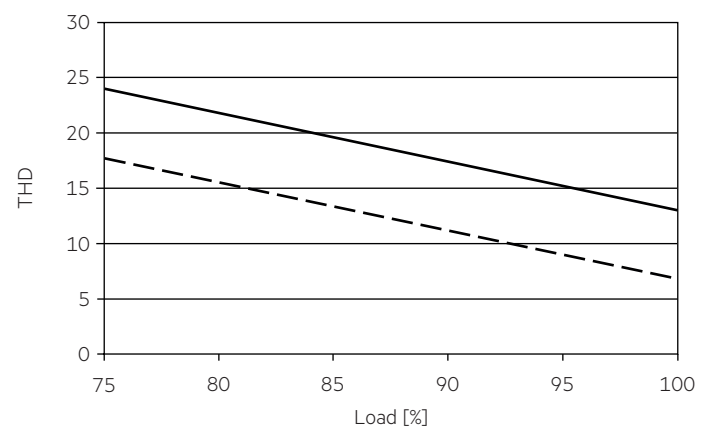


4.1.2 Power factor vs load

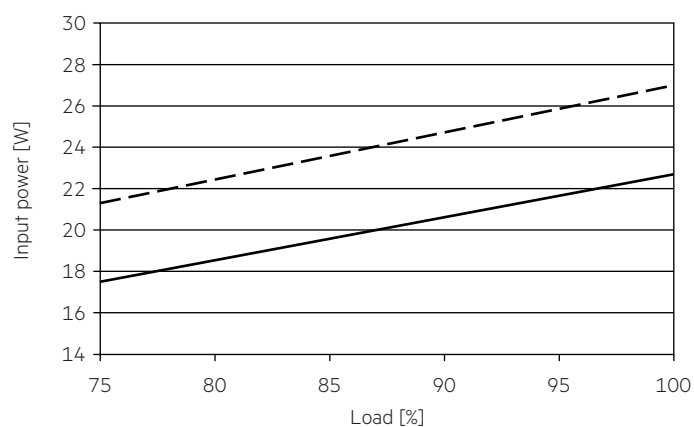


4.1.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.1.3 Input power vs load



— 500 mA
- - - 600 mA

4.2 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I _{max}	Time
LC 24/500-600/40 flexC R ADV2	40	51	63	78	24	31	38	47	15 A	183 µs

This are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker.
Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.
Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.3 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 24/500-600/40 flexC R ADV2	< 15	< 12	< 7	< 5	< 4	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED Driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED Driver will protect itself and the output current will decrease till LED flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.
The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -20 °C up to max. +60 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (T_a) before they can be operated.

The LED Driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.
If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED Driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.
No warranty if device was opened.